The Daily Republican.

VOL. 1. DECATUR, ILL., MONDAY JULY, 1 1872. NO. 79.

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Weekly.

Illustrated.

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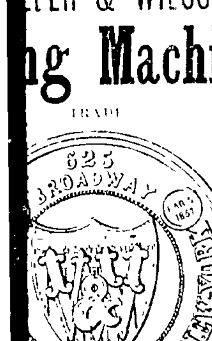

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NTS WANTED!

V. KINGRY

DECATUR, ILLINOIS,

nt for Macon County.

Warren & Durfee

REAL ESTATE

DEALERS,

BROKERS,

—AND—

CONVEYANCERS!

April 1, 1872—d tf.

MACON COUNTY

TITLE

Abstract Office

THE BOOKS OF THIS OFFICE constitute the Deed and Court Records of the county in brief, transcribed and arranged upon our

"Continuous and Self-Corrective System,"

Copyrighted A. D. 1864 and 1865.

The superiority of which has since been tested by its adoption in more than 50 counties in this and adjoining States. We furnish ABSTRACTS of all Conveyances, Mortgages, Wills, Court Decrees, Sales and Redemptions, Judgment Liens and Tax Sales, and all matter that is of Record affecting Title to every Tract of Land and Town Lot within the county. Also, Abstracts showing the entire recorded real estate interests of any person or estate in the county.

WARREN & DURFEE.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

Reliable Fire Insurance

NEW YORK

UNDERWRITERS'

AGENCY.

Cash Assets January 1, 1872,

$3,666,242.85.

—o—

CHICAGO, December 6, 1871.

To the Officers of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Fire Ins. Co.'s of New York

GENTLEMEN: The course pursued by your Companies in the adjustment and payment of our own claims, and so far as we know, ALL claims for losses in the great fire in Chicago, has been so highly honorable, prompt and straightforward, and marked by such apparent desire to deal justly towards all parties, under all circumstances, that we desire voluntarily to acknowledge it to the business public. We conceive that no stronger test could be made, both of the responsibility and of the integrity of an insurance organization, than yours has passed through here so successfully and creditably. With an unimpaired Capital and undiminished responsibility, and a record for equitable settlement, certainly surpassed by none, we congratulate you on the career of future prosperity, to which your actions here have so justly entitled you, and remain,

Yours very respectfully,

Field, Leiter & Co.	Jno V Farwell & Co.
S C Griggs & Co.	Hayden & Kay,
W J Quan & Co.	Farrington, Brewster
Richards, Crumbaugh & Co.	& Co.
	Wight, Dunton & Co.
D W & A Keith & Co.	C M Henderson & Co.
J P Sladden & Co.	Wm M Hoyt & Co.
Markley, Alling & Co.	Wrage, Kirtland & Ordway,
Barnum Bros.	
C H Beckworth & Sons,	Hart, Asten & Co.
Leopold, Kuh & Co.	Cahn, Wampold & Co.
Allen & Mackey,	E F Hollister & Co.
Bowen, Hunt & Winslow,	Hamlin, Hale & Co.
	Hall, Kimbark & Co.
Henry W King & Co.	D B Fisk & Co.
Chas. Gossage & Co.	Chas. P Kellogg & Co.
Chas W Angell, Sec'y	H & D S Greenebaum
Pull. Car Co.	Sweet, Dempster & Co
N Matson & Co.	Edwards, Bluett & Co
Keith Brothers,	Biggs, Spencer & Co.
Hiram Wheeler,	Hart Brothers,
Virgho, Ruhling & Co,	Wight & Stevens,
R Kleemann & Co.	M D Wells & Co.
Walker, Oakley & Co.	

—o—

WARREN & DURFEE,

AGENTS, DECATUR, ILL.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

CONTINENTAL

INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK CITY.

Devoted Exclusively to Fire Insurance.

Cash Capital,

One Million Dollars!

Assets January 1, 1872,

$2,509,526.00.

Losses in Chicago Fire Paid

$1,485,888.

—o—

Warren & Durfee

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

Insurance Company

OF

NORTH AMERICA,

PHILADELPHIA.

ORGANIZED A. D. 1794.

OLDEST INSURANCE CO. IN AMERICA.

Cash Assets, January 1, 1872,

$3,212,176.

The OLD NORTH AMERICA commenced business April 10th, 1794, has since been in SUCCESSFUL and UNINTERRUPTED operation for 78 years.

Losses in the Chicago Fire paid,

$580,000 00.

And continues to offer its services to those looking for RELIABLE INDEMNITY against loss by fire.

A Policy in the above Sterling Old Company apply to

WARREN & DURFEE, Agents.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

FOR SALE!

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

A THREE STORY BRICK on the Old Square. A first-rate property, that can be bought low if applied for soon. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

RESIDENCE LOTS.

LOT 10, block 4, North addition, cor. Union and Edmund sts.; size, 78x176 feet. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

ON the corner of William and College sts.; size, 95x110 feet. A very desirable and convenient location; offered at a great sacrifice. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

IN Durfee & King's addition—lot 7, block 4—fronting on Church st. A good lot, at a reasonable price. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

NOS. 8 AND 9, P. B. Shepherd's 2nd addition, fronting on William st., between Monroe and Pine sts.; lot 8, 63 feet front, lot 9, 40 feet front, depth, 180 feet. Price, together, $650; can be had on long time, with a reasonable payment down. Also,

LOTS 16 and 17, block 1, Thompson's 1st addition, fronting on Monroe st., just west of the Mound; size, 55x123 feet, each. Will be sold together at $150, or $250 for either lot. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

DWELLING PROPERTY,

OFFERED VERY LOW, if sold soon; situated on the corner of College and South Macon sts., comprising two lots, fronting 135 feet on both streets; 1½ story dwelling, five rooms, summer kitchen, well, cistern and cellar, and a good-sized stable. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

LOTS 4 and 5, block 9, Smith & Co.'s addition, on Condit street, between Morgan and Broadway; size 80x152 feet; one story frame house, 3 rooms and cellar. Improvements nearly new. Can be had for $1,000. WARREN & DURFEE.

LOTS 17 and 18, block 12, Carver's addition, comprising 80x153 feet; situated on North Macon st., east of Clayton st.; a new frame house of 2 rooms; lots fenced. Can be had for $500, part on time. WARREN & DURFEE.

FIVE HOUSES, in Peddecord & Burrows' addition, convenient to depot, Agricultural Works and Rolling Mill, all well constructed and in good repair. Will be sold low for cash, or on time, to suit purchasers. WARREN & DURFEE.

ALSO, a large two story building suitable for a boarding house, situated in block 4, Peddecord & Burrows' addition. For sale by WARREN & DURFEE.

A COMFORTABLE story and a half house, 7 rooms, good cellar, well, cistern and new stable—all in good repair; lot 50x100 ft., fronting on William st.; very convenient to the business part of town. Will be sold very reasonable. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

SITUATED on West Wood st., lot 3, block 1, in Southwestern addition; 70 feet front, depth 155 feet; 1 story house with basement, 7 rooms; well, cistern and stable. Offered at a very low price. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

SITUATED on the corner of Prairie and College sts., comprising 100 feet front on both streets; frame dwelling, 7 rooms; cellar, well and cistern; variety of fruit on premises. A good property in a very desirable location. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

LOT 1, block 4, Robinson's addition; situated on the corner of Green and College sts. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

April 26, 1872—d-tf.

THE

Railway Passengers'

Assurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Issues tickets of Insurance against

ACCIDENT.

Cash Capital, $300,000,

J. G. BATTERSON, President,
C. D. PALMER, Secretary

RATES

Of Registered Accident Tickets. Insuring $3,000 in the event of Death, or $15,00 Weekly Indemnity for Total Disability.

One Day,	25 Cents.	Five Days,	$1,25
Two Days,	50 Cents.	Ten Days,	2,50
	Thirty Days,	$5,00.	

Women Insured Against Death Only.

Warren & Durfee

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872-d-tf.

THE

HARTFORD

FIRE

Insurance Comp'y,

HARTFORD, CONN.,

CHARTERED, - - - 1810

CASH CAPITAL,

One Million Dollars.

Assets January 1, 872,

$2,942,071.18.

Devoted solely to Insurance AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

WARREN & DURFEE

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872-d-tf

SPRINGFIELD

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE CO.

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

—o—

CASH CAPITAL, $5,000.00

Total Assets, Jan. 1, 1872,

$1,065,606.00.

Losses in Chicago Fire paid, $500,000

Full lines upon desirable risks accepted at reasonable Rates.

WARREN & DURFEE, Agents.

April 1, 1872—1-tf.

SUMMER DRINKS.

Ice water should be drank but sparingly. A most excellent substitute for it is pounded ice taken in small lumps into the mouth and allowed to dissolve upon the tongue. This will prove very refreshing and much more enduring in its effects.

Lemonade is a simple and grateful beverage. To make it, roll the lemon on something hard till it becomes soft; grate off the rinds, cut the lemon in slices and squeeze them in a pitcher (a new clothespin will do for a squeezer in lieu of somthing better); pour on the required quantity of water, and sweeten according to taste. The grated rinds for the sake of their aroma should be added too. After mixing thoroughly, set the pitcher aside for half an hour; then strain the liquor through a jelly strainer, and put on ice.

Travelers who find it inconvenient to carry lemons can carry a box of lemon sugar prepared from citric acid and sugar, a little of which in a glass of ice water will make quite a refreshing drink, and one that helps oftimes to avert sick headache and billiousness. Citric acid is obtained from the juice of lemons and limes.

Perry is a delicious beverage made from cherries, and will keep a year or more. Take six pounds of cherries and bruise them; Pour on a pint and a half of hot water, and boil for fifteen minutes, strain through a flannel bag, and add three pounds of sugar and boil for half an hour more, or until the liquor will sink to the botom of a cup of water (try it with a teaspoonful of the liquor); then turn into jelly cups and cover with paper dipped in the white of an egg.

To prepare the drink: Put a spoonful of the jelly into a goblet of water, and let it stand about ten minutes; then stir it up and fill with pounded ice. Currants and raspberries made into "shrub" furnish a pleasant and cooling drink when mixed with ice water, pounded ice is also an addition to a saucer of strawberries, raspberries or currants. Pound it until it is almost as fine as snow, and spread it over the berries. With fruit it is an excellent substitute for cream.

Water ices are always acceptable. Those made of lemon, orange, currants, strawberries, raspberries and pineapple are much improved by adding the stiff beaten white of four eggs to every two quarts of the liquid. Put it in just as it is turned into the freezer, and it will freeze in a foam.—*Scribner's for July.*

SEEING INTO THE HEART.—What would a fair damsel, who was doubtful of her lover, say if she was told that by a modern invention of science she could have his heart "illuminated." We have nearly come to that. Dr. Milo, a celebrated Russian surgeon, has invented a means of illuminating the interior of the living human body with the aid of a concentrated beam of electric light. The workings of the mortal machine are rendered as perceptible as if it were made of glass. Dr. Milo recently demonstrated his idea by placing in his mouth a bullet, which became fairly visible when the face was subjected to the electric beam. The doctor hopes to use this method for the exploration of musket ball wounds. Persons who can't imagine what ails them, can have "the light turned on" and find out.

GLEANINGS.

The California harvest has begun.

Tight pants are on their last legs.

The Hoosac tunnel progresses rapidly.

Bananas are excellent taken with cream.

In North Carolina the corn is already in ear.

A Maryland man has 300 acres of watermelons.

Cut-throat Depot is an interesting spot in California.

Peas by the steamboat load reach New York from Delaware.

New Hampshire consumes the least tobacco of any of the States.

The finest choir singing in London is to be heard in Westminister Abbey.

Watermelons and cantelopes are now sold in Louisiana by the car-load.

Twelve bankrupts at Montreal ascribe their losses to cornering wheat.

The last rail was laid on the track from Denver to Pueblo last Wednesday.

Within the past few years Paris has lost 400,000 of its resident inhabitants.

Terre Haute boasts of having a saloon for every ninety persons in the city.

Daviess county, Ky., manufactures about 47,000 gallons of distilled spirits per month.

A popular Tennessee Judge always adjourns his court when there is a circus in town.

The smelting works at Omaha, Neb., during March, handled $44,389 in silver and $40,000 in lead.

All of the iron to be used in the construction of the Northern Pacific will be made in this country from native ores.

THE PLATFORM.

The following is the Platform adopted by the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia:

The Republican party of the United States, assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith, appeals to its history, and announces its position upon the questions before the country.

1. During the eleven years of its supremacy it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the time. It suppressed a gigantic rebellion, emancipated 4,000,000 slaves, decreed the equal citizenship of all and established universal suffrage, exhibiting unparalleled magnanimity. It criminally punished no man for political offense, and warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing justly with their neighbors. It has steadily decreased with a firm hand the resultant disorders of the great war, and indicated a wise policy towards the Indians. The Pacific railroad and similar vast enterprises have been generally aided and successfully conducted. The public lands have been freely given to actual settlers, immigration protected and encouraged, and a full acknowledgment of naturalized citizens' rights secured from European powers. A uniform national currency has been provided, repudiation frowned down, the national credit sustained under the most extraordinary burdens, and new bonds negotiated at lower rates. The revenues have been carefully collected aed honestly applied; despite the annual large reductions of the rates of taxation, the public debt has been reduced during Gen. Grant's Presidency at the rate of one hundred millions of dollars a year; a great financial crisis has been averted, and peace and plenty prevail throughout the land.—Menacing foreign difficulties have been peacefully and honorably compromised, and the honor and power of the nation kept in high respect throughout the world. This glorious record of the past is the paryt's best pledge for the future. We believe the people will not intrust the government to any party or combination of men composed chiefly of those who have resisted every step of this beneficial progress.

2. Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union by efficient and appropriate State and federal legislation. Neither the law nor its administration should admit of any discrimination in respect to any citizen by reason of race, creed, color or previous condition of servitude.

3. The recent amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained, because they are right, not merely tolerated because they are the law, and should be carried out, according to their spirit, by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can be safely trusted only to the party that secured those amendments.

4. The national government should seek to maintain an honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere, and sympathizing with all peoples who strive for greater liberty.

5. Any system of civil service under which the subordinate positions of the government are considered rewards for mere party zeal is fitly demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage, and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity essential qualifications for public position, without practically creating a life tenure of office.

6. We are opposed to the further grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

7. The annual revenues, after paying current debts, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal, and the revenue, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquors, should be raised by duties on importations, the duties of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor, and promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country.

8. We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the nation, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of a generous and grateful people, and we favor such additional legislation as will extend the bounty of the government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and who in the line of duty became disabled, without regard to the length of time or cause of such discharge.

9. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers, concerning allegiance, "once a subject, always a subject," having at last through the efforts of the Republican party, been abandoned, and the American idea of an individuals's right to transfer his allegiance having been accepted by European nations, it is the duty of our government to guard with jealous care the rights of adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthorized claims by their former governments, and we urge continual and careful encouragement and protection to voluntary immigration.

10. The franking privilege ought to be abolished and the way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rates of postage.

11. Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relations of capital and labor, and the Republican party recognize the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital, and for labor, the creator of capital, the largest opportunities, and a just share of the mutual profits of these two great servants of civilization.

12. We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebelious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box, and therefore are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

13. We denounce the repudiation of the public debt, in any form or disguise, as a national crime, and we witness with pride the reduction of the principle of the debt and upon the rates of interest upon the balance, and we confidently expect that our excellent national currency will be perfected by the speedy resumption of specie payments.

14. The Republican party is mindful of its obligations to the loyal women of America for their noble devotion to the cause of freedom, and their admission to wider fields of usefulness is received with satisfaction; and the demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

15. We heartily approve the actions of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

16. The Republican party propose to respect the rights reserved by the people themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to State and to federal government. It disapproves of a resort to unconstitutional laws for the purpose of removing evils by interference with rights not surrendered by the people to either the State or national government.

17. It is the duty of the general government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship building.

18. We believe that the modest patriotism, the earnest purpose, sound judgment, practical wisdom, incorruptible integrity and illustious services of Ulysses S. Grant have commended him to the hearts of the American people, and with him at our head we start to-day on a new march to victory.

Jas. Forester & Co.

EXCLUSIVE WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS!

Woolens, Notions, Etc.

Close Cash Buyers

WILL

SAVE MONEY

By Examining our Stock before Purchasing elsewhere.

Store: Court House Block, Water st., one door south of Post Office. m14-dly.

POST OFFICE HOURS.

Open at 7 A. M.; closes at 7½ P. M.
Open on Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

Northern Mail	arrives at	5:00 P. M.
" "	closes at	8 P. M.
Southern "	arrives at	5:30 A. M.
" "	closes at	4:00 P. M.
Eastern "	arrives at	2:35 P. M.
" "	closes at	10:30 A. M.
Western "	arrives at	11:40 P. M.
" "	closes at	1:35 P. M.

Through Eastern mail closes at 8:00 P. M.
Daily through Chicago mail closes at 4:00 P. M.

I. C. PUGH, Postmaster.

Illinois Central R. R.

Trains Pass Decatur:

Passenger Trains.

GOING SOUTH.

2:10 A. M..........5:05 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

5:10 A. M..........5:00 P. M.

Freight Trains.

GOING NORTH.

10.30 A. M..........3:05 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

7:25 A. M..........3:15 P. M.

Close connection made at Vandalia for St. Louis, and at Mendota for Chicago.

A. MITCHELL, Gen. Sup't. } Chicago
F. J. TUCKER, Gen. Ft. Agt., }
E. M. MISNER, Agent, Decatur.

T., W. & W. Railway.

—o—

TRAINS LEAVE AND ARRIVE ON AND after Sunday, June 2, 1872, until further notice, as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL.

Leave	Toledo	11 40 p. m
"	Decatur	2 30 p. m
Arrive	Quincy	9 25 p. m
"	Keokuk	10 15 p. m
"	St. Louis	7 15 p. m

EXPRESS.

Leave	Toledo	10 15 a. m
"	Decatur	2 05 a. m
Arrive	Quincy	8 50 a. m
"	Keokuk	10 20 a. m
"	St. Louis	7 11 a. m

FREIGHT.

No. 9—Leaves Decatur..........6:45 a. m.
" 13— " " ....2:00 p. m.

EASTWARD.

MAIL.

Leave	St. Louis	7 10 a. m
"	Keokuk	4 35 a. m
"	Quincy	5 15 a. m
"	Decatur	12 25 p. m
Arrive	Toledo	2 10 a. m

EXPRESS.

Leave	St. Louis	8 30 p. m
"	Keokuk	6 27 p. m
"	Quincy	7 10 p. m
"	Decatur	2 20 a. m
Arrive	Toledo	5 10 p. m

FREIGHT.

No. 6—Leaves Decatur..........8:30 a. m.
" 11— " " ....8:30 p. m.

Pekin, Lincoln and Decatur Division.

Leave Decatur, Mall, West..........2 50 p. m
" " Accom " ....6 00 a. m

Leave Pekin, Mall, East..........8 10 a. m
" " Accom " ....3 45 p. m

GEO. H. BURROWS, Gen'l Sup't, Toledo.
JOHN U. PARSONS, Gen'l Tick't Ag't, Toledo
K. HARWOOD, Ticket Agent, Decatur.

Railroad Election.

CHICAGO AND ILL. SOUTHERN R. R. Co.,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
CLEVELAND, O., May 29, 1871.

THE ANNUAL MEETING for the election of Directors of the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railway Company, as provided in the Articles of Consolidation between the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon and the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Companies, will be held at the office of the company in the city of Mattoon, Illinois, on Tuesday, July 9, 1872, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

S. A. FULLER, Secretary,

June 5, 1872—d-td.

E. A. GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill. — GEO. W. GASTMAN Hudson, Ill.

Gastman Bros.,

BREEDERS OF

Pure Berkshire Pigs!

We have Sows from some of the best breeders in the State. Some of our Spring Pigs will be from a Boar imported by Pickrell in 1870.

Italian Bees and Norway Oats for Sale

Decatur, Jan. 5, 1871-ly.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY, }

In the Circuit Court, to the July term, A. D. 1872.

WILLIAM HUMMEL } Attachment.
vs.
AMOS T. HICKMAN, }

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the above-named Amos T. Hickman, that on the 20th day of May, A. D, 1872, a Writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Macon county against his estate, at the suit of William Hummel, for the sum of Two Thousand and Seventy-Seven and 58-100 Dollars, directed to the Sheriff of said Macon county; and that the same has been executed.

Now, unless you, the said Amos T. Hickman, shall personally be and appear before said Court on the first day of the next term, to be holden at the Court-House in the city of Decatur, upon the

22d day of July, A. D. 1872,

And give bail or plead to the said plaintiff's action within the time limited by said court, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of said William Hummel, and so much of the estate so attached as may be necessary to make the amount of said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

E. McCLELLAN,
Cl'k of the Circuit Court of Macon Co., Ill.
CREA & EWING, Att'ys for Pl'ff.
May 21, 1872—d4w.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY, }

In the Circuit Court to the July term, A. D., 1872.

Daniel H. Elwood, Reuben Wilkinson, and David P. Elwood, partners as Elwood & Co., vs.

Paschal K. Hamilton, Louisa Hamilton, John W. Hamilton, James B. Fiske, Augustus Knight, and Lewis F. Houck.

Foreclosure of Mechanic's Lien.

AFFIDAVIT of the non-residence of the above-named defendants, James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Macon county, notice is hereby given to the said James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, that the complainants heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said court, on the chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against the above-named defendants, returnable on the Fourth Monday in July next, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, shall personally be and appear before the said Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court-House in the city of Decatur, in said county, on the

Fourth Monday in July, A. D., 1872,

And plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of the said bill.

E. McCLELLAN, Clerk.
CREA & EWING for Compl'ts.
Decatur, May 22, 1872—d4w.

PROFESSIONAL.

E. R. ELDRIDGE,

ATTORNEY at LAW.

OFFICE:—Over Dr. Stoner's drug store, No. 11 south side New square. [a23-dly

W. C. JOHNS,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE: Over Quinlan's Carpet Store East Main Street. [Apr. 1-dtf.

DR. A. S. WALTZ,

SURGEON DENTIST, at Macon, Ills. Office with Dr. Tobey, on Main street. Open every day. Operations performed at the lowest rates. Call and see him. Get his prices before going elsewhere.
December 28, 1871—ly.

JOHN W. SMITH. BRIC J. STERRETT.

SMITH STERRETT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.—Office No. 22 North Water street, Decatur, Ill.
Aug. 11, 1870-ly

C. C. McComas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY Public. Office over Smiths, Hammer & Co.'s Bank, south-west corner New Square, Decatur, Ill. April 10, 1872-dwtf.

I. A. BUCKINGHAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur, Ill.
April 13, 1872-dwtf.

Dr. J. KING, M. D.,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE of medicine. Office—Over Busher's shoe store

DR. R. C. DAWKINS,

DENTIST, Decatur, Ill. Office over Smiths Hammer & Co's Bank. [ill-daw,l,

Woods, Gooding & Co.,

—GENERAL—

Produce Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Apples, Canned and Dried Fruits, And Farmers' Produce.

—o—

Consignments Solicited

And Prompt Returns Guaranteed.

Uhlich's Hotel, cor. 22nd and State Sts.

R. M. WOODS,
D. W. C. GOODING,
SAMUEL E. MINER.

October 19, 1871—3mos.

LAND FOR SALE!

—o—

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE 160 acres of Improved Prairie Land, seven miles southeast of Decatur. There is on the place 1½ miles hedge, most of it 2 years old and over. The improvements consist of a story and a half house, stabling for four horses, orchard of 85 trees in bearing.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in one and two years.

Apply on the premises to S. M. C. DAVIS.

—o—

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF J. W. & S. M. C. DAVIS was dissolved by mutual consent, November 15, 1871. J. W. & S. M. C. DAVIS.
Decatur, May 30, 1872—w4m

A. C. CORNMAN,

House and Sign

PAINTER,

PAPER-HANGER, ETC.

SHOP over L. M. Gill & Co's grocery store New Square, Decatur, Ill. [feb9,'79.

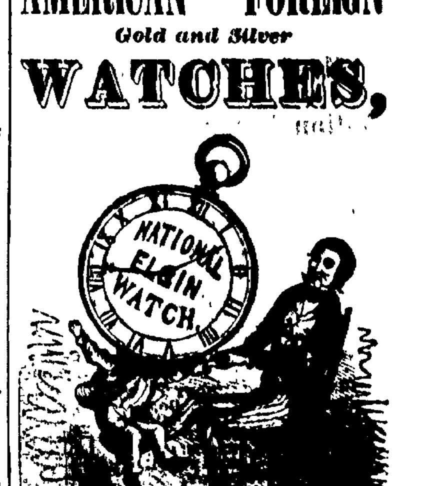
A New Arrival!

—OF—

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

Gold and Silver

WATCHES,



"UNCLE SAM'S FAVORITE CHILD."

Suitable for both Ladies and Gentlemen. Solid Gold and Plated Opera and Chatelain

CHAINS.

As well as a nice assortment of Gents' Gold, Silver and Plated Chains. A Complete Assortment of

JEWELRY!

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, sold in sets or single pieces. Also, a complete stock of

Seth Thomas Clocks!

With and without Calender,

AGENT FOR THE

Accommodating Spectacle!

With French Acromatic Lense and genuine Brazilian Pebbles.

All goods WARRANTED as represented. Goods bought of me

Engraved Free of Charge!

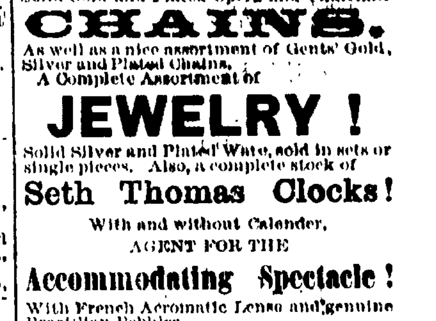
Having had an experience of over fifteen years in the business, I feel confident that all goods bought of me and all watch repairing, etc., entrusted to me, will give perfect satisfaction.

J. L. KNIEPER,

No 10 Water Street,

DECATUR, ILL.

May 21, 1872—d-3m.



$100 Reward for a case of Neuralgia or Rheumatism of any form whatever, (considered curable by any physician), that *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup* will not cure—warranted uninjurious, and a physician's prescription.

$5000 Reward offered to the Proprietors of any Medicine for Rheumatism and Neuralgia able to produce one-fourth as many genuine living cures within the same period of time as Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy.

$2000 Reward offered to any person proving Dr. Jos. P. Fitler, M. D., to be other than a graduate of the celebrated University of Pennsylvania in 1833, and Professor of Chemistry treating Rheumatism specially for 39 years.

$1000 Reward to any Chemist, Physician, or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Syrup.

$250 Reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia sold under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return the amount paid for same to the patient in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guarantees must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed, and stating quantity to cure, will be returned by mail, with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to DR. J. P. FITLER, No. 45 South Fourth Street. No other remedy is offered on such terms.

Medical Advice sent by letter without charge, from time to time; personal examination in Rheumatic complaints seldom necessary. Sufferers desiring guarantee should obtain direct, or from the agent, blank application to be filled up containing questions to be answered and mailed to Philadelphia, signed by the patient. Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy is used inwardly only, and is sold by druggists at $1.25 per bottle—six bottles for $6.50. Get a circular explaining the various forms of Rheumatism, containing prominent testimonials, of the special agent.

HUBBARD & SWEARINGEN

SOLE AGENTS,

Decatur, Ill.

Decatur, April 20, 1872—daw-ly.

ICE CREAM,

SODA WATER, and

ICE COLD LEMONADE,

Are the topics for discussion now. An abundance always on hand, at

Miller's Confectionery.

April 26—d-tf.

DISSOLUTION.

—o—

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of JOHNSON & SON, music dealers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All unsettled business of the late firm will be adjusted by the undersigned, who will continue the music business as heretofore. Rooms in Court-House Block, over post-office,
m7-d3t T. S. JOHNSON

New Millinery Goods

—o—

Spring Styles!

—o—

Mrs. R. C. HAMSHER

BEGS LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE to the Ladies of Decatur and vicinity that she is in receipt of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of Millinery Goods ever brought to this city, embracing

HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, RUCHES, RIBBONS, etc., etc.,

Thankful for past favors, she respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

STORE:

IN CENTRAL BLOCK

One door north of Warren & Durfee,
Decatur, March 28, 1872.

AVERILL'S CHEMICAL PAINT— Mixed Ready for use—Beautiful, Durable, Water-Proof, Elastic and Cheap. Call for Sample Card of Colors. —MOREHOUSE & WELLS

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New York Evening Post

t of its class in Ameri-
all other weekly jour-
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the best and most in-
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of a high order of liter-
structive, entertaining
- N. Y. *Sun*

TIONS—1872.

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be paid at *the subscriber's*

ROTHERS, New York.

*the Best Sustained
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IPTIONS—1872.

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Improvement

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NTS WANTED!

V. KINGERY

DECATUR, ILLINOIS,

nt for Macon County.

Warren & Durfee

REAL ESTATE

DEALERS,

BROKERS,

—AND—

CONVEYANCERS!

April 1, 1872—d tf.

MACON COUNTY

TITLE

Abstract Office

THE BOOKS OF THIS OFFICE constitute
The Deed and Court Records of the coun-
ty in brief, transcribed and arranged upon
our

"Continuous and Self-Corrective
System,"

Copyrighted A. D. 1864 and 1865.

The superiority of which has since been tested by its adoption in more than 50 counties in this and adjoining States. We furnish ABSTRACTS of all Conveyances, Mortgages, Wills, Court Decrees, Sales and Redemptions, Judgment liens and Tax Sales, and all matter that is of Record affecting Title to every Tract of Land and Town Lot within the county. Also, Abstracts showing the entire recorded real estate interests of any person or estate in the county.

WARREN & DURFEE.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

Reliable Fire Insurance

NEW YORK

UNDERWRITERS'

AGENCY.

Cash Assets January 1, 1872,

$3,686,242.85.

CHICAGO, December 6, 1871.

To the Officers of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Fire Ins. Co.'s of New York.

GENTLEMEN:—The course pursued by your Companies in the adjustment and payment of our own claims, and so far as we know, ALL claims for losses in the great fire in Chicago, has been so highly honorable, prompt and straightforward, and marked by such apparent desire to do justly towards all parties, under all circumstances, that we desire voluntarily to acknowledge it to the business public. We conceive that no stronger test could be made, both of the responsibility and of the integrity of an insurance organization, than yours has passed through so successfully and creditably. With an unimpaired Capital and undiminished reputation for ability to pay, and a record for equitable settlement of losses that is certainly unsurpassed by none, we congratulate you on the career of future prosperity, to which your actions here have so justly entitled you, and remain,

Yours very respectfully,

Field, Leiter & Co.	Jno V Farwell & Co.
S C Griggs & Co.	Hayden & Kay.
W J Quan & Co.	Farrington, Brewster & Co.
Richards, Crumbaugh & Co.	Wight, Dunton & Co.
D W & A Keith & Co.	C M Henderson & Co.
S P Shedden & Co.	Wm M Hoyt & Co.
Markley, Alling & Co.	Wrage, Kirtland & Ordway.
Barmmelare.	Hart, Asten & Co.
C H Beckwortha Sons.	Cahn, Wampold & Co.
Leopold, Kuh & Co.	E F Hollister & Co.
Allen & Mackey.	Hunnell, Hale & Co.
Bowen, Hunt & Winslow.	Hall, Kimbark & Co.
	D B Fisk & Co.
Henry W King & Co.	Chas. P Kellogg & Co.
Chas. Gossage & Co.	H & D S Greenebaum
Chas W Angell, Sec'y Pull. Car Co.	Sweet, Dempster & Co
N Matson & Co.	Edwards, Bluett & Co
Keith Brothers.	Bliss, Sponser & Co.
Hiram Wheeler.	Hart Brothers.
Vinnie, Bulling & Co.	Wight & Stevens.
R Kleemann & Co.	M D Wells & Co.
Walker, Oakley & Co.	

WARREN & DURFEE,
AGENTS, DECATUR, Ills.

April 1, 1872 d-tf

CONTINENTAL

INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK CITY,

Devoted Exclusively to Fire Insurance.

Cash Capital,

One Million Dollars!

Assets January 1, 1872,

$2,509,526.00.

Losses in Chicago Fire Paid

$1,485,888.

Warren & Durfee

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

Insurance Company

OF

NORTH AMERICA,

PHILADELPHIA.

ORGANIZED A. D. 1794.

OLDEST INSURANCE CO. IN AMERICA.

Cash Assets, January 1, 1872,

$3,212,176.

THE OLD NORTH AMERICA commenced business April 10th, 1794, has since been in SUCCESSFUL and UNINTERRUPTED operation 78 years.

Losses in the Chicago Fire paid,

$580,000 00.

Aid ….. ….. other its services to those desiring RELIABLE INDEMNITY against loss by fire.

….. Policies in the above Sterling Old Company apply to
WARREN & DURFEE, Agents.

April 1, 1872 d-tf.

The Daily Republican.

VOL. 1. DECATUR, ILL., MONDAY JULY, 1 1872. NO. 79.

FOR SALE!

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

A THREE STORY BRICK on the old Square. A first-rate property, that can be bought low if applied for soon. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

RESIDENCE LOTS.

LOT 10, block 4, North addition, cor. Union and Edmund st.; size, 76x178 feet. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

ON the corner of William and College sts.; size, 95x140 feet. A very desirable and convenient location; offered at a great sacrifice. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

IN Durfee & King's addition—lot 7, block 4—fronting on Church st. A good lot, at a reasonable price. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

NOS. 8 AND 9, P. B. Shepherd's 2nd addition, fronting on William st., between Monroe and Pine sts; lot 8, 63 feet front, lot 9, 40 feet front, depth, 180 feet. Price, together, $650; can be had on long time, with a reasonable payment down. Also,

LOTS 16 and 17, block 1, Thompson's 1st addition, fronting on Monroe st., just west of the Mound; size, 55x121 feet, each. Will be sold together at $170, or $250 for either lot. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

DWELLING PROPERTY,

OFFERED VERY LOW, if sold soon; situated on the corner of College and South Macon sts., comprising two lots, fronting 135 feet on both streets; 1½ story dwelling, five rooms, summer kitchen, well, cistern and cellar, and a good-sized stable. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

LOTS 4 and 5, block 9, Smith & Co.'s addition, on Condit street, between Morgan and Broadway; size 80x152 feet; one story frame house, 3 rooms and cellar. Improvements nearly new. Can be had for $1,000. WARREN & DURFEE.

LOTS 17 and 18, block 12, Carver's addition, comprising 80x163 feet; situated on North Macon st., east of Clayton st.; a new frame house of 2 rooms; lots fenced. Can be had for $500, part on time. WARREN & DURFEE.

FIVE HOUSES, in Pedderord & Burrows' addition, convenient to depot, Agricultural Works and Rolling Mill, all well constructed and in good repair. Will be sold low for cash, or on time, to suit purchasers. WARREN & DURFEE.

ALSO, a large two story building suitable for a boarding house, situated in block 4, Pedderord & Burrows' addition. For sale by WARREN & DURFEE.

A COMFORTABLE story and a half house, 7 rooms, good cellar, well, cistern and new stable—all in good repair; lot 50x160 ft., fronting on William st.; very convenient to the business part of town. Will be sold very reasonable. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

SITUATED on West Wood st., lot 3, block, 1, in Southwestern addition; 70 feet front, depth 155 feet; 1 story house with basement, 7 rooms; well, cistern and stable. Offered at a very low price. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

SITUATED on the corner of Prairie and College sts., comprising 100 feet front on both streets; frame dwelling, 7 rooms; cellar, well and cistern; variety of fruit on premises. A good property in a very desirable location. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

LOT 1, block 4, Robinson's addition; situated on the corner of Green and College sts. Apply to WARREN & DURFEE.

April 26, 1872—d-tf.

THE

Railway Passengers'

Assurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Issues tickets of Insurance against

ACCIDENT.

Cash Capital, $300,000.

J. G. BATTERSON, President,
C. D. PALMER, Secretary

RATES

Of Registered Accident Tickets, Insuring $3,000 in the event of Death, or $15,00 Weekly Idemnity for Total Disability.

One Day,	25 Cents.	Five Days,	$1,25
Two Days,	50 Cents.	Ten Days,	2,50
	Thirty Days,	$5,00.	

Women Insured Against Death Only.

Warren & Durfee

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872-d-tf.

THE

HARTFORD

FIRE

Insurance Comp'y,

HARTFORD, CONN.,

CHARTERED, - - - 1810

CASH CAPITAL,

One Million Dollars.

Assets January 1, 872,

$2,942,071.18.

Devoted solely to Insurance AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

WARREN & DURFEE

AGENTS.

April 1, 1872-d-tf

SPRINGFIELD

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE CO.

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

CASH CAPITAL, $5,000.00

Total Assets, Jan. 1, 1872,

$1,065,606.00.

Losses in Chicago Fire paid, $500,000

Fall lines upon desirable risks accepted at reasonable Rates.

WARREN & DURFEE, Agents.

April 1, 1872—1-tf.

SUMMER DRINKS.

Ice water should be drank but sparingly. A most excellent substitute for it is pounded ice taken in small lumps into the mouth and allowed to dissolve upon the tongue. This will prove very refreshing and much more enduring in its effects.

Lemonade is a simple and grateful beverage. To make it, roll the lemon on something hard till it becomes soft; grate off the rinds, cut the lemon in slices and squeeze them in a pitcher (a new clothespin will do for a squeezer in lieu of somthing better); pour on the required quantity of water, and sweeten according to taste. The grated rinds for the sake of their aroma should be added too. After mixing thoroughly, set the pitcher aside for half an hour; then strain the liquor through a jelly strainer, and put on ice.

Travelers who find it inconvenient to carry lemons can carry a box of lemon sugar prepared from citric acid and sugar, a little of which in a glass of ice water will make quite a refreshing drink, and one that helps oftimes to avert sick headache and billiousness. Citric acid is obtained from the juice of lemons and limes.

Perry is a delicious beverage made from cherries, and will keep a year or more. Take six pounds of cherries and bruise them; Pour on a pint and a half of hot water, and boil for fifteen minutes, strain through a flannel bag, and add three pounds of sugar and boil for half an hour more, or until the liquor will sink to the botom of a cup of water (try it with a teaspoonful of the liquor); then turn into jelly cups and cover with paper dipped in the white of an egg.

To propare the drink: Put a spoonful of the jelly into a goblet of water, and let it stand about ten minutes; then stir it up and fill with pounded ice. Currants and raspberries made into "shrub" furnish a pleasant and cooling drink when mixed with ice water, pounded ice is also an addition to a saucer of strawberries, raspberries or currants. Pound it until it is almost as fine as snow, and spread it over the berries. With fruit it is an excellent substitute for cream.

Water ices are always acceptable. Those made of lemon, orange, currants, strawberries, raspberries and pineapple are much improved by adding the stiff beaten white of four eggs to every two quarts of the liquid. Put it in just as it is turned into the freezer, and it will freeze in a foam.—*Scribner's for July.*

SEEING INTO THE HEART.—What would a fair damsel, who was doubtful of her lover, say if she was told that by a modern invention of science she could have his heart "illuminated." We have nearly come to that. Dr. Milo, a celebrated Russian surgeon, has invented a means of illuminating the interior of the living human body with the aid of a concentrated beam of electric light. The workings of the mortal machine are rendered as perceptible as if it were made of glass. Dr. Milo recently demonstrated his idea by placing in his mouth a bullet, which became fairly visible when the face was subjected to the electric beam. The doctor hopes to use this method for the exploration of musket ball wounds. Persons who can't imagine what ails them, can have "the light turned on" and find out.

GLEANINGS.

The California harvest has begun.

Tight pants are on their last legs.

The Hoosac tunnel progresses rapidly.

Bananas are excellent taken with cream.

In North Carolina the corn is already in ear.

A Maryland man has 300 acres of watermelons.

Cut-throat Depot is an interesting spot in California.

Peas by the steamboat load reach New York from Delaware.

New Hampshire consumes the least tobacco of any of the States.

The finest choir singing in London is to be heard in Westminister Abbey.

Watermelons and cantelopes are now sold in Louisiana by the car-load.

Twelve bankrupts at Montreal ascribe their losses to cornering wheat.

The last rail was laid on the track from Denver to Pueblo last Wednesday.

Within the past few years Paris has lost 400,000 of its resident inhabitants.

Terre Haute boasts of having a saloon for every ninety persons in the city.

Daviess county, Ky., manufactures about 47,000 gallons of distilled spirits per month.

A popular Tennessee Judge always adjourns his court when there is a circus in town.

The smelting works at Omaha, Neb., during March, handled $44,389 in silver and $40,000 in lead.

All of the iron to be used in the construction of the Northern Pacific will be made in this country from native ores.

THE PLATFORM.

The following is the Platform adopted by the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia:

The Republican party of the United States, assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith, appeals to its history, and announces its position upon the questions before the country.

1. During the eleven years of its supremacy it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the time. It suppressed a gigantic rebellion, emancipated 4,000,000 slaves, decreed the equal citizenship of all and established universal suffrage, exhibiting unparalleled magnanimity. It criminally punished no man for political offense, and warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing justly with their neighbors. It has steadily decreased with a firm hand the resultant disorders of the great war, and indicated a wise policy towards the Indians. The Pacific railroad and similar vast enterprises have been generally aided and successfully conducted. The public lands have been freely given to actual settlers, immigration protected and encouraged, and a full acknowledgment of naturalized citizens' rights secured from European powers. A uniform national currency has been provided, repudiation frowned down, the national credit sustained under the most extraordinary burdens, and new bonds negotiated at lower rates. The revenues have been carefully collected and honestly applied; despite the annual large reductions of the rates of taxation, the public debt has been reduced during Gen. Grant's Presidency at the rate of one hundred millions of dollars a year; a great financial crisis has been averted, and peace and plenty prevail throughout the land.—Menacing foreign difficulties have been peacefully and honorably compromised, and the honor and power of the nation kept in high respect throughout the world. This glorious record of the past is the paryt's best pledge for the future. We believe the people will not intrust the government to any party or combination of men composed chiefly of those who have resisted every step of this beneficial progress.

2. Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union by efficient and appropriate State and federal legislation. Neither the law nor its administration should admit of any discrimination in respect to any citizen by reason of race, creed, color or previous condition of servitude.

3. The recent amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained, because they are right, not merely tolerated because they are the law, and should be carried out, according to their spirit, by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can be safely trusted only to the party that secured those amendments

4. The national government should seek to maintain an honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere, and sympathizing with all peoples who strive for greater liberty.

5. Any system of civil service under which the subordinate positions of the government are considered rewards for mere party zeal is fitly demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage, and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity essential qualifications for public position, without practically creating a life tenure of office.

6. We are opposed to the further grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

7. The annual revenues, after paying current debts, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal, and the revenue, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquors, should be raised by duties on importations, the duties of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor, and promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country.

8. We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the nation, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of a generous and grateful people, and we favor such additional legislation as will extend the bounty of the government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and who in the line of duty became disabled, without regard to the length of time or cause of such discharge.

9. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers, concerning allegiance, "once a subject, always a subject," having at last through the efforts of the Republican party, been abandoned, and the American idea of an individuals's right to transfer his allegiance having been accepted by European nations, it is the duty of our government to guard with jealous care the rights of adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthorized claims by their former governments, and we urge continual and careful encouragement and protection to voluntary immigration.

10. The franking privilege ought to be abolished and the way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rates of postage.

11. Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relations of capital and labor, and the Republican party recognize the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital, and for labor, the creator of capital, the largest opportunities, and a just share of the mutual profits of these two great servants of civilization.

12. We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebellious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box, and therefore are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

13. We denounce the repudiation of the public debt, in any form or disguise, as a national crime, and we witness with pride the reduction of the principle of the debt and upon the rates of interest upon the balance, and we confidently expect that our excellent national currency will be perfected by the speedy resumption of specie payments.

14. The Republican party is mindful of its obligations to the loyal women of America for their noble devotion to the cause of freedom, and their admission to wider fields of usefulness is received with satisfaction; and the demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

15. We heartily approve the actions of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

16. The Republican party propose to respect the rights reserved by the people themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to State and to federal government. It disapproves of a resort to unconstitutional laws for the purpose of removing evils by interference with rights not surrendered by the people to either the State or national government.

17. It is the duty of the general government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship building.

18. We believe that the modest patriotism, the earnest purpose, sound judgment, practical wisdom, incorruptible integrity and illustious services of Ulyssess S. Grant have commended him to the hearts of the American people, and with him at our head we start to-day on a new march to victory.

Jas. Forester & Co.

EXCLUSIVE WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS!

Woolens, Notions, Etc.

Close Cash Buyers

WILL

SAVE MONEY

By Examining our Stock before Purchasing elsewhere.

Store: Court House Block, Water st., one door south of Post Office. m14-dly.

POST OFFICE HOURS.

Open at 7 A. M.; closes at 7½ P. M.
Open on Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

Northern Mail	arrives at 5:00 P. M.	
"	closes at 8 P. M.	
Southern "	arrives at 6:30 A. M.	
" "	closes at 4:00 P. M.	
Eastern "	arrives at 2:35 P. M.	
" "	closes at 10:30 A. M.	
Western "	arrives at 11:40 P. M.	
" "	closes at 1:35 P. M.	

Through Eastern mail closes at 8:00 P. M.
Daily through Chicago mail closes at 4:00 P. M.

I. C. PUGH, Postmaster.

Illinois Central R. R.

Trains Pass Decatur:

Passenger Trains.

GOING SOUTH.

2:10 A. M.……5:05 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

5:10 A. M.……5:00 P. M.

Freight Trains.

GOING NORTH.

10.30 A. M.……3:05 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

7:25 A. M.……3:15 P. M.

Close connection made at Vandalia for St. Louis, and at Mendota for Chicago.

A. MITCHELL, Gen. Supt. } Chicago
F. J. TUCKER, Gen. Ft. Agt., }
E. M. MISNER, Agent, Decatur.

T., W. & W. Railway.

TRAINS LEAVE AND ARRIVE ON AND after Sunday, June 2, 1872, until further notice, as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL.

Leave	Toledo	11 40 p. m
"	Decatur	2 30 p. m
Arrive	Quincy	9 25 p. m
"	Keokuk	10 15 p. m
"	St. Louis	7 15 p. m

EXPRESS.

Leave	Toledo	10 15 a. m
"	Decatur	2 05 a. m
Arrive	Quincy	8 50 a. m
"	Keokuk	10 20 a. m
"	St. Louis	7 11 a. m

FREIGHT.

No. 9—Leaves Decatur……6:45 a. m.
" 13— " " ……2:00 p. m.

EASTWARD.

MAIL.

Leave	St. Louis	7 10 a. m
"	Keokuk	4 35 a. m
"	Quincy	5 15 a. m
"	Decatur	12 25 p. m
Arrive	Toledo	2 10 a. m

EXPRESS.

Leave	St. Louis	8 30 p. m
"	Keokuk	6 27 p. m
"	Quincy	7 10 p. m
"	Decatur	2 20 a. m
Arrive	Toledo	5 10 p. m

FREIGHT.

No. 6—Leaves Decatur……8:30 a. m.
" 11— " " ……8:30 p. m.

Pekin, Lincoln and Decatur Division.

Leave Decatur, Mail, West……2 50 p. m
" " Accom " ……6 00 a. m

Leave Pekin, Mail, East……8 10 a. m
" " Accom " ……3 45 p. m

GEO. H. BURROWS, Gen'l Supt, Toledo.
JOHN U. PARSONS, Gen'l Tick't Ag't, Toledo
K. HARWOOD, Ticket Agent, Decatur.

Railroad Election.

CHICAGO AND ILL. SOUTHERN R. R. Co.,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
CLEVELAND, O., May 29, 1871.

THE ANNUAL MEETING for the election of Directors of the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railway Company, as provided in the Articles of Consolidation between the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon and the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Companies, will be held at the office of the company in the city of Mattoon, Illinois, on Tuesday, July 9, 1872, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

S. A. FULLER, Secretary,

June 5, 1872—d-td.

E. A. GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill. — GEO. W. GASTMAN Hudson, Ill.

Gastman Bros.,

BREEDERS OF

Pure Berkshire Pigs!

We have Sows from some of the best breeders in the State. Some of our Spring Pigs will be from a Boar imported by Pickrell in 1870.

Italian Bees and Norway Oats for Sale

Decatur, Jan. 5, 1871-1y.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY, }

In the Circuit Court, to the July term, A. D. 1872.

WILLIAM HUMMEL } Attachment,
vs.
AMOS T. HICKMAN, }

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the above-named Amos T. Hickman, that on the 20th day of May, A. D., 1872, a Writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Macon county against his estate, at the suit of William Hummel, for the sum of Two Thousand and Seventy-Seven and 58-100 Dollars, directed to the Sheriff of said Macon county; and that the same has been executed.

Now, unless you, the said Amos T. Hickman, shall personally be and appear before said Court on the first day of the next term, to be holden at the Court-House in the city of Decatur, upon the

22d day of July, A. D. 1872,

And give bail or plead to the said plaintiff's action within the time limited by said court, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of said William Hummel, and so much of the estate so attached as may be necessary to make the amount of said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

E. McCLELLAN,
Cl'k of the Circuit Court of Macon Co., Ill.
CREA & EWING, Att'ys for Pl'ff.
May 21, 1872—d4w.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY, }

In the Circuit Court to the July term, A. D., 1872.

Daniel H. Elwood, Reuben Wilkinson, and David P. Elwood, partners as Elwood & Co.,
vs.
Paschal R. Hamilton, Louisa Hamilton, John W. Hamilton, James B. Fiske, Augustus Knight, and Lewis F. Houck.

Foreclosure of Mechanic's Lien.

AFFIDAVIT of the non-residence of the above-named defendants, James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Macon county, notice is hereby given to the said James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, that the complainants heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said court, on the chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against the above-named defendants, returnable on the Fourth Monday in July next, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said James B. Fiske and Augustus Knight, shall personally be and appear before the said Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court-House in the city of Decatur, in said county, on the

Fourth Monday in July, A. D., 1872.

And plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of the said bill.

E. McCLELLAN, Clerk.
CREA & EWING for Compl'ts,
Decatur, May 22, 1872—d4w.

PROFESSIONAL.

E. R. ELDRIDGE,

ATTORNEY at LAW.

OFFICE:—Over Dr. Stoner's drug store, No. 11 south side New square. (a23-dly

W. C. JOHNS,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE: Over Quinlan's Carpet Store East Main Street. [Apr. 1-dtf.

DR. A. S. WALTZ,

SURGEON DENTIST, at Macon, Ills. Office with Dr. Tobey, on Main street. Open every day. Operations performed at the lowest rates. Call and see him. Get his prices before going elsewhere.
December 28, 1871—1y.

JOHN W. SMITH. ERIC J. STERRETT.

SMITH STERRETT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.—Office No. 22 North Water street, Decatur, Ill.
Aug. 11, 1870-1y

C. C. McComas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY Public. Office over Smiths, Hammer & Co.'s Bank, south-west corner New Square, Decatur, Ill. April 10,1872-dwtf.

I. A. BUCKINGHAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur, Ill.
April 13, 1872-dwtf.

Dr. J. KING, M. D.,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE of medicine. Office—Over Busher's shoe store

DR. R. C. DAWKINS,

DENTIST, Decatur, Ill. Office over Smiths Hammer & Co's Bank. [31-daw1,

Woods, Gooding & Co.,

—GENERAL—

Produce Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

*Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Apples,
Canned and Dried Fruits,
And Farmers' Produce,*

Consignments Solicited

And Prompt Returns Guaranteed.

Uhlich's Hotel, cor. 22nd and State Sts.

R. M. WOODS,
D. W. C. GOODING,
SAMUEL E. MINER.

October 16, 1871—3mos.

LAND FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE 160 acres of Improved Prairie Land, seven miles southeast of Decatur. There is on the place 1½ miles hedge, most of it 2 years old and over. The improvements consist of a story and a half house, stabling for four horses, orchard of 85 trees in bearing.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in one and two years.

Apply on the premises to
S. M. C. DAVIS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF J. W. & S. M. C. DAVIS was dissolved by mutual consent, November 15, 1871. J. W. & S. M. C. DAVIS.
Decatur, May 30, 1872—w4m

A. C. CORNMAN,

House and Sign

PAINTER,

PAPER-HANGER, ETC.

SHOP over L. M. Gill & Co's grocery store New Square, Decatur, Ill. [feb9,'72.

A New Arrival!

—OF—

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

Gold and Silver

WATCHES,

"UNCLE SAM'S FAVORITE CHILD."

Suitable for both Ladies and Gentlemen. Solid Gold and Plated Opera and Chatelain

CHAINS.

As well as a nice assortment of Gents' Gold, Silver and Plated Chains.

A Complete Assortment of

JEWELRY!

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, sold in sets or single pieces. Also, a complete stock of

Seth Thomas Clocks!

With and without Calender.

AGENT FOR THE

Accommodating Spectacle!

With French Acromatic Lense and genuine Brazillian Pebbles.

All goods WARRANTED as represented. Goods bought of me

Engraved Free of Charge!

Having had an experience of over fifteen years in the business, I feel confident that all goods bought of me and all watch repairing, etc., entrusted to me, will give perfect satisfaction.

J. L. KNIEPER,

No. 10 Water Street,

DECATUR, ILL.

May 21, 1872—d-3m.

$100 Reward for a case of Neuralgia or Rheumatism of any form whatever, (considered curable by any physician), that *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup* will not cure—warranted uninjurious, and a physician's prescription.

$5000 Reward offered to the Proprietors of any Medicine for Rheumatism and Neuralgia able to produce one-fourth as many genuine living cures within the same period of time as Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy.

$2000 Reward offered to any person proving Dr. Jos. P. Fitler, M. D., to be other than a graduate of the celebrated University of Pennsylvania in 1833, and Professor of Chemistry treating Rheumatism specially for 39 years.

$1000 Reward to any Chemist, Physician, or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Syrup.

$250 Reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia sold under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return the amount paid for same to the patient in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guarantees must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed, and stating quantity to cure, will be returned by mail, with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to Dr. J. P. FITLER, No. 45 South Fourth Street. No other remedy is offered on such terms.

Medical Advice sent by letter without charge, from time to time; personal examination in Rheumatic complaints seldom necessary. Sufferers desiring guarantee should obtain direct, or from the agent, blank application to be filled up containing questions to be answered and mailed to Philadelphia, signed by the patient. Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy is used inwardly only, and is sold by druggists at $1.25 per bottle—six bottles for $6.50. Get a circular explaining the various forms of Rheumatism, containing prominent testimonials, of the special agent.

HUBBARD & SWEARINGEN

SOLE AGENTS,

Decatur, Ill.

Decatur, April 20, 1872—daw-1y.

ICE CREAM,

SODA WATER, and

ICE COLD LEMONADE,

Are the topics for discussion now. An abundance always on hand, at

Miller's Confectionery.

April 29—d-1f.

DISSOLUTION.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of JOHNSON & SON, music dealers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All unsettled business of the late firm will be adjusted by the undersigned, who will continue the music business as heretofore. Rooms in Court-House Block, over post-office,
107-d31] T. S. JOHNSON

New Millinery Goods

Spring Styles!

Mrs. R. C. HAMSHER

BEGS LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE to the ladies of Decatur and vicinity that she is in receipt of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of Millinery Goods ever brought to this city, embracing

HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, RUCHES, RIBBONS, etc., etc.,

Thankful for past favors, she respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

STORE:

IN CENTRAL BLOCK

One door north of Warren & Durfee.

Decatur, March 28, 1872.

AVERILL'S CHEMICAL PAINT—

Mixed Ready for use—Beautiful, Durable, Water-Proof, Elastic and Cheap. Call for Sample Card of Colors.

—MOREHOUSE & WELLS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Republican

[illegible]

Monday Evening, July [illegible]

National Republican Ticket.

[illegible]

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN DISTRICT TICKET.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Daily Republican.

HAMSHER & MOSSER,

B. K. HAMSHER, }
J. S. MOSSER, } Publishers.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:

Monday Evening, July 1.

National Republican Ticket.

For President,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HENRY WILSON,
OF MASS.

Presidential Electors:

At Large—HENRY GREENEBAUM, of Cook Co.
DAVID T. LINEGAR, of Alexander.

1st District—CHAUNCEY T. BOWEN.
2d District—LESTER L. BOND.
3d District—MAHLON D. OGDEN.
4th District—RICHARD L. DIVINE.
5th District—JAMES SHAW.
6th District—NORMAN H. RYAN.
7th District—IRUS COY.
8th District—JOSEPH J. CASSEL.
9th District—WM. SELDEN GALE.
10th District—W. D. HENDERSON.
11th District—MOSES M. BANE.
12th District—M. H. CHAMBERLAIN.
13th District—HUGH FULLERTON.
14th District—MARTIN B. THOMPSON.
15th District—J. W. WILKIN.
16th District—JOHN P. VAN DORSTON.
17th District—JOHN H. YEAGER.
18th District—JOHN DOUGHERTY.
19th District—WILLIAM H. ROBINSON.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
RICHARD J. OGLESBY,
OF MACON.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN L. BEVERIDGE,
OF COOK.

For Auditor,
CHARLES E. LIPPINCOTT,
OF CASS.

For Secretary of State,
GEORGE H. HARLOW,
OF TAZEWELL.

For Treasurer,
EDWARD RUTZ,
OF ST. CLAIR.

For Attorney-General,
JAMES K. EDSALL,
OF LEE.

Clerk of Supreme Court—Central Grand Division,
E. C. HAMBURGER,
OF ADAMS.

For Congress—14th District,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
OF DOUGLAS CO.

For Member of the Board of Equalization,
JOSEPH G. ENGLISH,
OF VERMILLION CO.

"We are led by him who first taught our armies to conquer in the West, and subsequently in the East also. Richmond would not come to us till we sent Grant after it, and then it had to come. He has never yet been defeated, and he never will be."—HORACE GREELEY.

THE MASS MEETING.

Notwithstanding the busy season and the high altitude reached by the mercury, on Saturday, the people from the country came pouring into town at an early hour, and before noon the streets were crowded. In the afternoon the people repaired to Bramble's Park, where a stand had been erected, and when the hour arrived for the speaking to begin the grand natural amphitheatre, where so many political meetings have been held in the past, was filled with an attentive and eager crowd. There had been no arrangements for any formal display, and therefore, without any of the preliminaries common to such occasions, the speaking began. Gov. Oglesby's address was one of the very best efforts of his life—calm, dignified, temperate, and argumentative. The speech occupied in its delivery two hours and a quarter, and was most attentively listened to throughout its entire length. After the conclusion of Gov. Oglesby's speech Gen. Moore was loudly called for, but owing to the lateness of the hour he thought best not to occupy much time, and therefore spoke only about twenty minutes.

We should be pleased to publish Gov. Oglesby's speech in full, but its great length makes this impossible. It would fill considerably more than a whole page of our paper, even if printed in our smallest type. We give the following extracts from the speech, from a short hand report taken by H. P. Parmelee, Esq., of this city:

Have you any conception of anything that will eclipse or equal your present prosperity? Can you conceive a government that will give the people more peace and prosperity than this government gives us to-day. Our credit before the world is bright and shining. Not a spot or stain upon the national credit under the administration of that great man who presides over the republic. No man can conscientiously find fault with a solitary law or measure of this government. The Republican party has discharged and satisfied all of its obligations. Everywhere there is prosperity, peace and comfort. In the spring of 1865 we had to face a debt of four billions, that has shrunk away to about two billions two hundred and ninety millions. Who did it? You and I did it in part. You say Gen Grant didn't. Of course not. Every little boy knows better than that. Gen. Grant didn't pay it out of his own pocket, but he has been watching and carefully guarding the resources of the land, seeing that every dollar is collected from all lawful sources and paid faithfully into the treasury, and has expended it in paying the interest on the national debt, part of the national debt itself, and the current expenses of the government. In the last three years 553 (nearly 554) millions have been collected from the tariff alone. How much has been lost in collecting and expending this vast sum? Less than $28,000. The tariff has been constantly reduced. It is the recognized policy of the Republican party to reduce it as rapidly, as safely as it can, so as not to break down or peril the credit of the country, or its industrial interests. Manufacturers alone in the United States employ hundreds of thousands of people, and produce millions of dollars worth of value. I would not ask a laborer to work for seventy-five cents a day because I can get it done in Great Britain for that price. You would send all those millions of dollars to Europe to increase the wealth of that people and that market, which controls the world. What market controls prices: the Decatur market? the Chicago market? the New York market?—of course not; but the London market does. Why? Because it has the capital. I would bring down the tariff to the lowest possible dime, so as not to destroy and break up the industries of the country. Shouting monopoly—tariff monopolies—will do well enough to run a campaign, but not to rule a nation by. It was our manufacturing ability that enabled us to cope so successfully with the South during the war. Everything we needed was manufactured at home. The South could not do that; they had to run the blockade to obtain their manufactures and war material. We stand on the tariff fair and square in our State and National platforms. We say we will not repeal the tariff entirely. The tariff is now levied so judiciously that every man while paying something towards the national debt, pays it so readily that he is unconscious of the burden, and if you ask him what, if any, part he pays, he cannot tell you. [Laughter.] There is wisdom somewhere. Somebody is entitled to credit. How do we collect the internal revenue? We collect it from bankers, brokers, chewers, smokers and drinkers, by stamps and lisences. Only a little tax left on whisky, wine, tobacco, and stamps on bank checks. It will do well enough to have it on tobacco and whisky and wine. If a man chews he has got to lash out his 20 cents. If a man drinks whisky he has got to pay 70 cents a gallon to the government; and six dollars a dozen on champagne. That is the way we get so much money from those that live in fine style. If a man don't chew, don't smoke, don't drink, and don't draw money out of a bank, he don't pay any internal tax. We expend thirty millions of dollars a year to pay pensions, which will last for many years to come, and I pledge you, now, that by no will or vote of mine would I change that law, whilst there is a sick, disabled or wounded soldier left to draw his part. [Cheers.] Some of them are rough, most of them are provident and industrious. I care not how low he is, if he has offered his life for his country, I will stand by him with a pension through life. [Cheers.] This is a Republican doctrine and cheers the hearts of men. We don't expect to borrow a dollar as long as the administration is in the hands of the Republican party. The debt will be paid before the boys that are now alive shall die. The country is respected; the law everywhere is respected; the national credit is maintained. There is nothing in the principles of the other party that will prevent them from going to the ballot box and voting for Gen. Grant. They made a platform in Cincinnati indorsing every solitary principle of the Republican party; made a platform broad and strong and deep, just as they had learned it from us. [Applause.] They started out to make a party of reform. They blame me for talking about past issues. Why did you go to Cincinnati and put them in your platform? Take away what the Cincinnati platform took from us and nothing is left but the dodge on the tariff. What are the Democrats going to do about this. Some of you say you are going to ratify it. Don't you know you are ratifying our platform? Didn't the Republican party organize the national banks? and didn't you fight them for six years? And here you are going to ratify them on the 9th of July yourselves. You have got to do it. You have already done it at Springfield. You say nothing against greenbacks—not a word. You shall have to vote for banks and never repudiate while you live. Never. [Applause and laughter.] You have got to stand by it because you are going to vote for Greeley; having so voted you ought never again to open your mouths against the Republican party. Are you sincere? Do you mean what you say? Do you mean to turn your back on the party to which you have belonged throughout your natural lives? Do you mean to give up those golden principles about which you have talked for forty years? You must not say in one breath you will vote for Greeley, and in the next you will be a Democrat. If you are going to break up your old organization; if you are going to march to Baltimore to die before the world—don't dishonor yourselves by dying half way—die out fully. [Applause and laughter.] Come over to General Grant, who never said an unkind thing of you. [A voice—"He was a Democrat himself."] Yes, he says he voted for Buchanan once, but says he is ashamed of it—as you ought to be. Mr. Greeley has said more mean things about you than any other man in the United States. I don't know whether he was right or not. [Laughter.] Is General Grant an honest man? No man that lives and speaks truthfully can say otherwise. Is he a truthful man, a patriotic man? He is a man that has borne his breast to the armies of the country, and fought four years for the Union. Is he a proud man? Go and see him. He is as simple in his habits as Abraham Lincoln was. He cannot talk like Douglas or like Lincoln. A great many people have fallen out with him because of it. I have criticized him severely, and said, Why don't you make a speech? He can speak by his sword and with his pen. He writes all his messages. Other good men who had command of our armies failed. General Grant never failed. [Applause.] How did he meet General Lee, who was a brave, true soldier, though a traitor? As kindly as a father ever met a son. "Stack your arms; give me your word of honor that you will not take up arms against this government. Go back to your homes; take your side arms and all you have with you." From that day to this not one solitary man who bore arms against our government has been punished. You have nothing against this man except that he appointed a dozen of his kin folks to office. Some are going to vote against the Republican party on account of that. Well, he appointed military men; you say there is a law against appointing military men. He didn't appoint them at all. They were staff officers of General Sherman, and were drawing their pay as staff officers.—No! a dollar did they get extra. They carry the messages and letters of the President. You would not do it: not one of you would do what these men do. They say he rides a trotting horse. He does when he doesn't ride in a buggy. He smokes cigars. If anybody would give you one, wouldn't you take it? Of course you would, especially if you are a Democrat. You don't do this man justice; you never have done justice to his private character; it has never received justice from this American people.

When the Liberal Republicans returned from Cincinnati I said to them, Are you going to be Republicans? Yes, certainly. Are you going to vote for me for Governor? Yes, of course. And when I was away from home they slipped down to Springfield and nominated another man—a very good and fair man, but I don't think likely soon to be Governor; and Colonel Black for Lieut. Governor—a gallant soldier.—Who was the other? Charley Lanphier. Who is Charley Lanphier? A Democrat. What kind? Straight jacket, old style, who pitched into the war and the Republican party, and everything it ever did. And these fellows that said they would vote for Greeley and me, went down there and nominated Black, Lanphier and O'Hara, Kœrner, Rummel and Weldon, three Republicans and three Democrats dove-tailed together, and now come back to Decatur and say you are possibly going to vote for them. You tell me they are still Republicans. You are either Republicans or Democrats; you cannot slip in between. Which are you most likely to be just now? The Liberal Republicans met at the Opera House, the Democrats at the State House. Some one among the Democrats proposed to invite the Republicans to come to them, and Gov. Palmer, elected by the Republican party, Gov. Kœrner—not now in office, except a railroad office—and the whole Republican convention, went over to the Democrats; and Allen, the chairman of the Democratic convention, said to Gov. Palmer, "I forgive you for your past offenses; I welcome you into the Democratic convention." And the Liberal party of Illinois was swallowed up by the Democratic party on its last dying legs. If I had made up my mind to join the Democrats, I would have joined them while they were in good health, with some prospect of at least a short life.

While at St. Louis I went down to the Iron Mountain, which has been opened in the last few years. We still get our iron from England, Belgium and France, with mountains upon mountains of it here under our faces. They are now taking out two thousand tons a day, and to some extent utilizing it. On my way down there with Mr. Blow, he said, "I want to introduce you to an old Democrat; he is an old-fashioned sock-dolager." I supposed he would vote for Greeley. He said he would not. What are you going to do in the election? Said he, I have something at stake in this country. When election comes I shall go to the polls and vote for Gen. Grant. Mr. Blow said, Why is it you vote for Grant? Said he, Mr. Blow, it is safest; it is safer to do it. Why? Because we know the worst of General Grant; we must say he is an honest man; we must say he has managed the finances of the country well. Why won't you vote for Greeley? He is a man of a great deal of ability and pure character; but he has a pack of men around him of his own notions; he is embarrassed by them, and you don't know what notion he may take in his head. I regard him as an unsafe man. Is there any real difference between the Republicans and the Liberals? This Liberal Republican party, under the leadership of Mr. Greeley, says it is for reform. It therefore means to say that the old regular Republicans are not for reform. In what respect, then, Mr. Greeley, Mr. Kœrner, do you propose to reform this government? Wherein do you differ from this Republican party? On the negro question? Not at all. Equal suffrage? Not at all. On the constitutional amendments? No. Currency? That is right. National banks? No. Internal taxation? That is right. Wherein, then, are we wrong? Wherein do you differ from us? Where do you calculate to improve on us? You say you are for reform of the civil service. We are for reform of the civil service. What have we got to show that we are for it? We have the President of the United States, elected by the Republican party, sending a message to Congress asking it to amend the civil service so that men could be chosen for office through qualifications and fitness, and not on account of political fidelity to party. Has General Grant done that? Yes, and has appointed commissioners to examine applicants for admission into the civil service.

We demand in our platform such a reform as will put a man in the subordinate offices of the government without regard to his political qualifications. What do Liberal Republicans and Democrats, Judge Trumbull and Gov. Kœrner mean when they say civil service reform? What kind of reform? Do you mean that men shall be taken to fill the fifty thousand offices without regard to political qualifications? You don't say so. Shall they be taken for life? You may say no here. Why don't you say so in your platform? Has the Republican party guarded against that? We have, we are in favor of any men that are capable, but not for life.

What is the next thing? Amnesty. Let us be candid and see if the old Republican party is wrong on that. Resolution 15th heartily approve of the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoices in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land. How large a part have been amnestied? Nearly all. Are there any to be amnestied? There are between 75 and a 100. You are organizing on amnesty when all but 75 out of twelve million have amnestied. Senator Carpenter says 45, but say it is a hundred. What does this mean then, this amnesty resolution? I will tell you what it means. In 1866 the Republicans in Congress proposed the 14th amendment to the Constitution, ratified it, and made it a part of the Constitution. What did that say? It said that all persons born or naturalized in the United States are citizens of the United States. Next the debt contracted in the suppression of the rebellion shall never be questioned; debts of the rebels shall never be paid. Compensation for emancipated slaves should never be granted by Congress, nor by any State in the Union. No person shall be eligible to nor hold any civil or military office in the United States or in any State who, having taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, afterwards engaged in rebellion against our government—never should hold office unless that disability should be removed by a two-thirds vote of Congress. What did we do? Immediately we began to remove these disabilities to hold office. All rebels can vote, Jeff Davis and all of them—all like the colored people. We only provided that they could not hold office. The Republican party next removed these disabilities one after another. Excepting men in the army, navy, judiciary, and 36th and 37th Congress. Four exceptions cover the 75 men, who vote. Why not let them hold office? You say let them all. We say it is not wise. We have punished no one of these people. Jeff Davis says he will accept nothing from you. Alexander Stephens and Toombs say, "We had a right to secede." We say as long as you stand that way, we will keep you as a standing monument of the wrath of an outraged people—just as long as you stand there and say, "we won't accept amnesty," you shall not be elected to Congress, or President, or Vice President of the United States. We have been liberal and generous as no people on the globe have been. Judge Trumbull, Mr. Greeley and Kœrner each say, "I went the disabilities removed from Davis, Toombs and Stevens, to give everybody in this country a right to vote for whom he pleases. It has always been understood by Democrats and Republicans that you and I could vote for whom we pleased, but the right of election and choice was never carried to that dangerous and fearful extent. Liberal Republicans of Decatur you don't know where you stand. You have planted yourselves on that platform, you will go from this ground to day saying you are in favor of it. Your platform says you are in favor of it, it pledges you to it.

I have spoken longer than I intended. My hope to-day is that this government will not last for you and me alone, that we may leave it strong, leave it beautiful, leave it all glowing with the incense of principle, leave it bright as our fathers left it for us.

TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'Clock, P. M.

[Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.]

POLITICAL NEWS.

WM. CULLEN BRYANT NAMED FOR PRESIDENT.

HENRY A. WISE AGAINST GREELEY.

The Spanish Cortes Dissolved.

Return of Tom Thumb and His Party, from a Trip Around the World.

THE REGULAR SUNDAY FIGHTS.

EXCESSIVE HEAT IN NEW YORK.

MARKETS. ETC.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The excitement about the Harry Bassett and Longfellow race next Tuesday, at Long Branch, continually increases, and it is not doubted that the struggle will be witnessed by 5,000 people, many of whom will come from Baltimore, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and the South.

Bassett still is slightly the favorite in the betting, but Longfellow has an immense band of supporters. The wisest heads do not pretend to decide one way or another, and some proclaim that the result is as uncertain as the tossing of a copper. Others predict that Longfellow will lead the betting by next Thursday.

William P. Vanderbilt will sail for Europe on Wednesday next, and while in London will make another and thorough examination of the underground railways in operation there, and study the advantages and disadvantages of single and double track tunnels, with a view of giving all the improvements that can possibly be introduced on the proposed under ground road for this city.

The Tom Thumb party, consisting of General Tom Thumb and his wife, Commodore Nutt and Minnie Warren, accompanied by their manager, S. Bleeker and wife and retinue, in all thirteen persons, a pair of ponies and carriage, arrived in New York in the steamer Egypt, having been absent three years and completed a voyage around the world. They went overland to California, thence to Japan, China, Australia and the East Indies, returning via Suez Canal to Egypt, the Continent, and Great Britain. They have traveled 55,000 miles, 31,000 by sea, giving 1411 entertainments in different cities and towns in all climates of the world without losing a single day or missing a single performance through illness or accidents. The General long since made a fortune, and has just completed a fine residence at Middleborough, Mass., the birth place of his wife. The party will make another tour through the United States this fall.

During a fight among a party of drunken roughs in city hall park, yesterday P. M., James Duffy was shot in the back and seriously injured. Wm. McAffey was shot in the arm, receiving a bad flesh wound, and James Dawson, an old man who was sitting on one of the benches in the park, received a shot in the calf of the leg, inflicting a severe wound. One of the gang named Dusco was arrested. The person who fired the shots escaped.

Twenty cases of sun stroke occurred yesterday. The heat throughout the day was almost intolerable, the thermometer at 3 o'clock P. M. standing at 98 in the shade. A large number of casualties occurred in Brooklyn yesterday, the most serious of which occurred to Joseph Hopkins, a builder, who, while defending his son, a lad of 18, from an attack of two rowdies named Shindon and Duffey, was struck on the head with a stone by the former, receiving injuries of a fatal character, his skull being crushed in. His assailants were arrested and Hopkins removed to the hospital.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The *Times*, in an editorial on the fruits of Greeleyism, says Tweed and Gould would not have been saved by Hoffman had not Hoffman been backed by the Greeley faction, and the Greeley faction would have been powerless had they not combined with the Tammany members of the Legislature and with Hoffman. How do honest Republicans, who are daily invoked to take part in a reform campaign by Greeley's organ, like this association? They now know the character of our Governor; we have repeatedly exposed his complicity with the Tammany leaders so that no one can be ignorant of it, we have shown him sanctioning this plunder while he was Mayor, and allowing it to be sanctioned by his official substitutes when it was not convenient for him to do his own part in the shameful work. We have shown him aiding in the outrageous legislation of 1870 and 1871, which opened to tee ring all the avenues to the public treasure, and cloaked with legal forms their perfectly well-known schemes of robbery and corruption. We have exposed him as the associate of the Greeley Republicans in sheltering the ring thieves from the punishment which their crimes demanded. Can any honest man assist in carrying out the plans of this precious league? The parties to it are scheming for the future. The propose to elect Hoffman Governor again, to give the State Legislature to the Tammany Democracy, to reinstate the ring in this city and State, and by placing Greeley in the White House to fasten the same gag upon the national government. Is it possible that any sane citizen—Democrat or Republican—can be persuaded or driven to aid them?

The project of giving a Southern barbacue on Greeley's farm at Chappaqua in the event of the indorsement of the Cincinnati ticket at Baltimore, has been abandoned.

FROM CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Sunday was signalized by an unusual number of accidents and affrays. Charles Helzoll, a stewart of the vessel W. H. Vanderbilt of Buffalo, fell through a cabin window which he was cleaning, cutting a terrible gash in his arm. He lost much blood, and when taken to the police station for treatment was so low that he is likely to die.

John Rogers quarreled with his wife and mother-in-law, and assaulted both with an axe, cutting them terribly in the head.

A drunken man, on being ejected from a saloon on Madison street, shot George Davis, the proprietor, and fled.

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 29.—The Gilmore benefit this P. M. was a complete ovation, more people attending than at any time during the festival. All the popular elements, including the Anvil Chorus, were on the programme and carried out to the letter and spirit. Gilmore's own band of fifty pieces did wonders in the Stradella overture. Three other popular pieces were demanded of them, which received their due share of applause. Peschka, Leutner and Rudersdorf sang, Arbuckle gave a cornet solo, and the foreign bands were, as usual, encored. Gilmore was presented with a floral harp. Forty members of the Southern Press Association were present, and were complimented with "Dixie" by Gilmore's band. The jubilee is likely to continue until next Saturday.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.—The *Picayune*, in a long editorial urging the nomination of William Cullen Bryant by the Baltimore convention, says:

"By all who have deplored, with Carl Schurz, Ex-Gov. Cox, David A. Wells, Horace White, John Forsyth and B. Gratz Brown himself, the great opportunity lost at Cincinnati, and who have been anxious to rectify the singular and grateful unfitness of Horace Greeley for the nomination, the designation of William Cullen Bryant in the place of Greeley on the National Reform ticket for the Presidency would be hailed with enthusiastic joy as a thing which they had sought with harrowing solicitude, and grieved to the utmost point of despair not to have found."

FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 29.—M. Remusat, French Minister of Foreign affairs, and Count Von Arnem, the German ambassador, to-day signed the treaty providing for the evacuation of French teritorry by German troops, which has been for some time in negotiation.

MADRID, July 1.—The Spanish Cortes have been dissolved in accordance with a Royal decree issued yesterday. Elections for members in the new Cortes have been ordered for the 24th of August. The new body will assemble on the 15th of September.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, announces that under no circumstance will he support Greeley, and that if the latter is nominated at Baltimore he intends to give his influence to the Grant ticket. His friends think it certain that he will take the stump for the Republican nominees.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Wheat, quiet, cash 1.21½; August, 1.20; September, steady.

Corn, steady, cash 40½; August 42½; Sept. 43¼.

Pork, nothing doing.

Lard, firm, cash 8⅜; July 8¼.

Oats, steady, 26¼.

Rye, nothing doing.

Barley, nothing doing.

Highwines, quiet 85.

Hogs, receipts, 9,137; market active and steady, at Saturday's prices; medium heavy hogs dull and a shade easier. Extreme range, 3.70@3.90.

Cattle, 4@5.75.

Sheep, 4.00@5.50.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Flour, dull, inactive at 6.25@6.60.

Wheat, steadier, No. 2 Chicago 1.55

Corn, quiet and tame 63@64½.

Oats, held at 46; 44½ bid.

Rye, nominal at 85.

Whiskey, inactive 94.

Pork, quiet, $13.25.

Lard, quiet at 9½@9¾.

Gold, 15c.

DRY GOODS.

Purchasers of Dry Goods should avail themselves of the closing sale of

S. D. LUDDEN & CO

13 EAST MAIN STREET,

And obtain their goods at 65 cents on the dollar.

We have been in earnest in our advertisements of closing out sales from the first, and all will see it too, (even if incredulous before,) who come and observe our prices. Good goods going without regard to value.

(SHELLABARGER'S OLD STAND.)

June 12, 1872—d-tf.

BOOKS

—AND—

STATIONERY,

—AT—

No. 9 E. Main St.

(CRISSEY'S OLD STAND).

HISTORICAL,
BIOGRAPHICAL,
MISCELLANEOUS
AND SCHOOL

BOOKS!

Blank Books of All Kinds,

MAGAZINES,

NEWSPAPERS,

And all the LATEST

PERIODICALS,

Stationery, Cutlery and Notions of all kinds, Chromos, Engravings, Etc.

Late Publications Furnished to Order.

THIS OLD AND WELL KNOWN establishment has recently been refitted, and stocked with new and fresh goods, and the undersigned respectfully invites the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, to give him a call.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

A. RUTH.

April 10-d&wtf.

THE BEST

Musical Instruments

IN THE WORLD

FOR SALE BY

G. F. HARGIS!

HALLET, DAVIS & CO PIANOS,

Knabe Pianos!

SMITH'S AMERICAN ORGAN

VIOLINS,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
SHEET MUSIC, ETC.

IF YOU WANT ANYTHING IN THE

MUSIC LINE,

CALL ON

G. F. HARGIS,

Over Ettinger & Sutton's Book Store

17

EAST MAIN STREET.

April 1-d&w1y.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

THE UNDERSIGNED would inform the citizens of Decatur and vicinity, that he has recently succeeded E. A. Stare & Co. in the Lumber trade, at the old yards of S. K. Swingley, where he will always have on hand

A Large and Complete Stock

Of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and everything usually kept in the line. PRICES as low as the lowest.

All in need of anything embraced in the lumber trade are invited to call and examine his stock.

YARD—On Water street, north of T. W. & W. R. R., opposite the St. Clair Mills.

C. P. THATCHER.

May 9, 1872—w-1y.

Terra Cot'a Flower Pots, Hanging Basket, House Vases, Yard Vases, Fountains, & Wrei Hanging Baskets, at J. H. LEWIS & O'S.

WANTED TO PURCHASE four cheap Dwellings, and make monthly payments for them. J. L. KINNEY.
June 17—d-1t.

NOTICE

TO PHYSICIANS

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the County Clerk's office of Macon county, until 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, the 25th day of June, 1872, for the medical attendance on, and medicine for, the paupers of Decatur township, and including prisoners in jail from July 1, 1872 to January 1, 18[illegible]. And also for the medical attendance on, and medicine for, the paupers on the poor farm for the same time.

Separate bids are required for Decatur township and poor farm. Each physician making proposals has the privilege of both bids. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address Special Committee on Paupers.

JOSHUA GREEN, M. G. CAMBRON, J. SPANGLER, } Com.

Decatur, June 1[illegible], 1872—d-td. w-1t

BOARDING. A few boarders can be accommodated with board and lodging, at the old Ricketts House, corner of North Main and William streets.
1m-d1 W. S. ZIMMERMAN.

WANTED. Board for lady and child. Private house preferred. Address this Office, or box 7[illegible], Cairo, Ill. [illegible]

MRS MARTIN, No. 5 West Main street, has a few unfurnished rooms she wishes to let with board. May [illegible]

WANTED. A girl to do the housework of a small family. German preferred. Apply at this office. [illegible]

WANTED. A young man, or an active boy, to do general work at Norman & Young's Barber Shop and Bath Rooms. Jun2-d-1f.

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The Daily Republican.

HAMSHER & MOSSER,

R. K. HAMSHER, }
J. S. MOSSER, } Publishers.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:

Monday Evening, July 1.

National Republican Ticket.

For President,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HENRY WILSON,
OF MASS.

Presidential Electors:
At Large—HENRY GREENEBAUM, of Cook Co.
DAVID T. LINEGAR, of Alexander.
1st District—CHAUNCEY T. BOWEN.
2d District—LESTER L. BOND.
3d District—MAHLON D. OGDEN.
4th District—RICHARD L. DIVINE.
5th District—JAMES SHAW.
6th District—NORMAN H. RYAN.
7th District—IRUS COY.
8th District—JOSEPH J. CASSEL.
9th District—WM. SELDEN GALE.
10th District—W. D. HENDERSON.
11th District—MOSES M. BANE.
12th District—M. H. CHAMBERLAIN.
13th District—HUGH FULLERTON.
14th District—MARTIN B. THOMPSON.
15th District—J. W. WILKIN.
16th District—JOHN P. VAN DORSTON.
17th District—JOHN H. YEAGER.
18th District—JOHN DOUGHERTY.
19th District—WILLIAM H. ROBINSON.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
RICHARD J. OGLESBY,
OF MACON.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN L. BEVERIDGE,
OF COOK.

For Auditor,
CHARLES E. LIPPINCOTT,
OF CASS.

For Secretary of State,
GEORGE H. HARLOW,
OF TAZEWELL.

For Treasurer,
EDWARD RUTZ,
OF ST. CLAIR.

For Attorney-General,
JAMES K. EDSALL,
OF LEE.

Clerk of Supreme Court—Central Grand Division,
E. C. HAMBURGER,
OF ADAMS.

For Congress—14th District,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
OF DOUGLAS CO.

For Member of the Board of Equalization,
JOSEPH G. ENGLISH,
OF VERMILLION CO.

"We are led by him who first taught our armies to conquer in the West, and subsequently in the East also. Richmond would not come to us till we sent Grant after it, and then it had to come. He has never yet been defeated, and he never will be."—HORACE GREELEY.

THE MASS MEETING.

Notwithstanding the busy season and the high altitude reached by the mercury, on Saturday, the people from the country came pouring into town at an early hour, and before noon the streets were crowded. In the afternoon the people repaired to Bramble's Park, where a stand had been erected, and when the hour arrived for the speaking to begin the grand natural amphitheatre, where so many political meetings have been held in the past, was filled with an attentive and eager crowd. There had been no arrangements for any formal display, and therefore, without any of the preliminaries common to such occasions, the speaking began. Gov. Oglesby's address was one of the very best efforts of his life—calm, dignified, temperate, and argumentative. The speech occupied in its delivery two hours and a quarter, and was most attentively listened to throughout its entire length. After the conclusion of Gov. Oglesby's speech Gen. Moore was loudly called for, but owing to the lateness of the hour he thought best not to occupy much time, and therefore spoke only about twenty minutes.

We should be pleased to publish Gov. Oglesby's speech in full, but its great length makes this impossible. It would fill considerably more than a whole page of our paper, even if printed in our smallest type. We give the following extracts from the speech, from a short hand report taken by H. P. Parmelee, Esq., of this city:

Have you any conception of anything that will eclipse or equal your present prosperity? Can you conceive a government that will give the people more peace and prosperity than this government gives us to-day. Our credit before the world is bright and shining. Not a spot or stain upon the national credit under the administration of that great man who presides over the republic. No man can conscientiously find fault with a solitary law or measure of this government. The Republican party has discharged and satisfied all of its obligations. Everywhere there is prosperity, peace and comfort. In the spring of 1865 we had to face a debt of four billions, that has shrunk away to about two billions two hundred and ninety millions. Who did it? You and I did it in part. You say Gen Grant didn't. Of course not. Every little boy knows better than that Gen. Grant didn't pay it out of his own pocket, but he has been watching and carefully guarding the resources of the land, seeing that every dollar is collected from all lawful sources and paid faithfully into the treasury, and has expended it in paying the interest on the national debt, part of the national debt itself, and the current expenses of the government. In the last three years 553 (nearly 551) millions have been collected from the tariff alone. How much has been lost in collecting and expending this vast sum? Less than $28,000. The tariff has been constantly reduced. It is the recognized policy of the Republican party to reduce it as rapidly, as safely as it can, so as not to break down or peril the credit of the country, or its industrial interests. Manufacturers alone in the United States employ hundreds of thousands of people, and produce millions of dollars worth of value. I would not ask a laborer to work for seventy-five cents a day because I can get it done in Great Britain for that price. You would send all those millions of dollars to Europe to increase the wealth of that people and that market, which controls the world. What market controls prices: the Decatur market? the Chicago market? the New York market?—of course not; but the London market does. Why? Because it has the capital. I would bring down the tariff to the lowest possible dime, so as not to destroy and break up the industries of the country. Shouting monopoly—tariff monopolies—will do well enough to run a campaign, but not to rule a nation by. It was our manufacturing ability that enabled us to cope so successfully with the South during the war. Everything we needed was manufactured at home. The South could not do that; they had to run the blockade to obtain their manufactures and war material. We stand on the tariff fair and square in our State and National platforms. We say we will not repeal the tariff entirely. The tariff is now levied so judiciously that every man while paying something towards the national debt, pays it so readily that he is unconscious of the burden, and if you ask him what, if any, part he pays, he cannot tell you. [Laughter.] There is wisdom somewhere. Somebody is entitled to credit. How do we collect the internal revenue? We collect it from bankers, brokers, chewers, smokers and drinkers, by stamps and lisences. Only a little tax left on whisky, wine, tobacco, and stamps on bank checks. It will do well enough to have it on tobacco and whisky and wine. If a man chews he has got to lash out his 20 cents. If a man drinks whisky he has got to pay 70 cents a gallon to the government; and six dollars a dozen on champagne. That is the way we get so much money from those that live in fine style. If a man don't chew, don't smoke, don't drink, and don't draw money out of a bank, he don't pay any internal tax. We expend thirty millions of dollars a year to pay pensions, which will last for many years to come, and I pledge you, now, that by no will or vote of mine would I change that law, whilst there is a sick, disabled or wounded soldier left to draw his part. [Cheers.] Some of them are rough, most of them are provident and industrious. I care not how low he is, if he has offered his life for his country, I will stand by him with a pension through life. [Cheers.] This is a Republican doctrine and cheers the hearts of men. We don't expect to borrow a dollar as long as the administration is in the hands of the Republican party. The debt will be paid before the boys that are now alive shall die. The country is respected; the law everywhere is respected; the national credit is maintained. There is nothing in the principles of the other party that will prevent them from going to the ballot box and voting for Gen. Grant. They made a platform in Cincinnati indorsing every solitary principle of the Republican party; made a platform broad and strong and deep, just as they had learned it from us. [Applause.] They started out to make a party of reform. They blame me for talking about past issues. Why did you go to Cincinnati and put them in your platform? Take away what the Cincinnati platform took from us and nothing is left but the dodge on the tariff. What are the Democrats going to do about this. Some of you say you are going to ratify it. Don't you know you are ratifying our platform? Didn't the Republican party organize the national banks? and didn't you fight them for six years? And here you are going to ratify them on the 9th of July yourselves. You have got to do it. You have already done it at Springfield. You say nothing against greenbacks—not a word. You shall have to vote for banks and never repudiate while you live. Never. [Applause and laughter.] You have got to stand by it because you are going to vote for Greeley; having so voted you ought never again to open your mouths against the Republican party. Are you sincere? Do you mean what you say? Do you mean to turn your back on the party to which you have belonged throughout your natural lives? Do you mean to give up those golden principles about which you have talked for forty years? You must not say in one breath you will vote for Greeley, and in the next you will be a Democrat. If you are going to break up your old organization; if you are going to march to Baltimore to die before the world—don't dishonor yourselves by dying half way—die out fully. [Applause and laughter.] Come over to General Grant, who never said an unkind thing of you. [A voice—"He was a Democrat himself."] Yes, he says he voted for Buchanan once, but says he is ashamed of it—as you ought to be. Mr. Greeley has said more mean things about you than any other man in the United States. I don't know whether he was right or not. [Laughter.] Is General Grant an honest man? No man that lives and speaks truthfully can say otherwise. Is he a truthful man, a patriotic man? He is a man that has borne his breast to the armies of the country, and fought four years for the Union. Is he a proud man! Go and see him. He is as simple in his habits as Abraham Lincoln was. He cannot talk like Douglas or like Lincoln. A great many people have fallen out with him because of it. I have criticized him severely, and said, Why don't you make a speech? He can speak by his sword and with his pen. He writes all his messages. Other good men who had command of our armies failed. General Grant never failed. [Applause.] How did he meet General Lee, who was a brave, true soldier, though a traitor? As kindly as a father ever met a son. "Stack your arms; give me your word of honor that you will not take up arms against this government. Go back to your homes; take your side arms and all you have with you." From that day to this not one solitary man who bore arms against our government has been punished. You have nothing against this man except that he appointed a dozen of his kin folks to office. Some are going to vote against the Republican party on account of that. Well, he appointed military men; you say there is a law against appointing military men. He didn't appoint them at all. They were staff officers of General Sherman, and were drawing their pay as staff officers.—Not a dollar did they get extra. They carry the messages and letters of the President. You would not do it: not one of you would do what these men do. They say he rides a trotting horse. He does when he doesn't ride in a buggy. He smokes cigars. If anybody would give you one, wouldn't you take it? Of course you would, especially if you are a Democrat. You don't do this man justice; you never have done justice to his private character; it has never received justice from this American people.

When the Liberal Republicans returned from Cincinnati I said to them, Are you going to be Republicans? Yes, certainly. Are you going to vote for me for Governor? Yes, of course. And when I was away from home they slipped down to Springfield and nominated another man—a very good and fair man, but I don't think likely soon to be Governor; and Colonel Black for Lieut. Governor—a gallant soldier.—Who was the other? Charley Lanphier. Who is Charley Lanphier? A Democrat. What kind? Straight jacket, old style, who pitched into the war and the Republican party, and everything it ever did. And these fellows that said they would vote for Greeley and me, went down there and nominated Black, Lanphier and O'Hara, Kœrner, Rummel and Weldon, three Republicans and three Democrats dove-tailed together, and now come back to Decatur and say you are possibly going to vote for them. You tell me they are still Republicans. You are either Republicans or Democrats; you cannot slip in between. Which are you most likely to be just now? The Liberal Republicans met at the Opera House, the Democrats at the State House. Some one among the Democrats proposed to invite the Republicans to come to them, and Gov. Palmer, elected by the Republican party, Gov. Kœrner—not now in office, except a railroad office—and the whole Republican convention, went over to the Democrats; and Allen, the chairman of the Democratic convention, said to Gov. Palmer, "I forgive you for your past offenses; I welcome you into the Democratic convention." And the Liberal party of Illinois was swallowed up by the Democratic party on its last dying legs. If I had made up my mind to join the Democrats, I would have joined them while they were in good health, with some prospect of at least a short life.

While at St. Louis I went down to the Iron Mountain, which has been opened in the last few years. We still get our iron from England, Belgium and France, with mountains upon mountains of it here under our faces. They are now taking out two thousand tons a day, and to some extent utilizing it. On my way down there with Mr. Blow, he said, "I want to introduce you to an old Democrat; he is an old-fashioned sock-dolager." I supposed he would vote for Greeley. He said he would not. What are you going to do in the election? Said he, I have something at stake in this country. When election comes I shall go to the polls and vote for Gen. Grant. Mr. Blow said, Why is it you vote for Grant? Said he, Mr. Blow, it is safest; it is safer to do it. Why? Because we know the worst of General Grant; we must say he is an honest man; we must say he has managed the finances of the country well. Why won't you vote for Greeley? He is a man of a great deal of ability and pure character; but he has a pack of men around him of his own notions; he is embarrassed by them, and you don't know what notion he may take in his head. I regard him as an unsafe man. Is there any real difference between the Republicans and the Liberals? This Liberal Republican party, under the leadership of Mr. Greeley, says it is for reform. It therefore means to say that the old regular Republicans are not for reform. In what respect, then, Mr. Greeley, Mr. Kœrner, do you propose to reform this government? Wherein do you differ from this Republican party? On the negro question? Not at all. Equal suffrage? Not at all. On the constitutional amendments? No. Currency? That is right. National banks? No. Internal taxation? That is right. Wherein, then, are we wrong? Wherein do you differ from us? Where do you calculate to improve on us? You say you are for reform of the civil service. We are for reform of the civil service. What have we got to show that we are for it? We have the President of the United States, elected by the Republican party, sending a message to Congress asking it to amend the civil service so that men could be chosen for office through qualifications and fitness, and not on account of political fidelity to party. Has General Grant done that? Yes, and has appointed commissioners to examine applicants for admission into the civil service.

We demand in our platform such a reform as will put a man in the subordinate offices of the government without regard to his political qualifications. What do Liberal Republicans and Democrats, Judge Trumbull and Gov. Kœrner mean when they say civil service reform? What kind of reform? Do you mean that men shall be taken to fill the fifty thousand offices without regard to political qualifications? You don't say so. Shall they be taken for life? You may say no here. Why don't you say so in your platform? Has the Republican party guarded against that? We have, we are in favor of any men that are capable, but not for life.

What is the next thing? Amnesty. Let us be candid and see if the old Republican party is wrong on that. Resolution 15th heartily approve of the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoices in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land. How large a part have been amnested? Nearly all. Are there any to be amnestied? There are between 75 and a 100. You are organizing on amnesty when all but 75 out of twelve million have amnestied. Senator Carpenter says 45, but say it is a hundred. What does this mean then, this amnesty resolution? I will tell you what it means. In 1866 the Republicans in Congress proposed the 14th amendment to the Constitution, ratified it, and made it a part of the Constitution. What did that say? It said that all persons born or naturalized in the United States are citizens of the United States. Next the debt contracted in the suppression of the rebellion shall never be questioned; debts of the rebels shall never be paid. Compensation for emancipated slaves should never be granted by Congress, nor by any State in the Union. No person shall be eligible to nor hold any civil or military office in the United States or in any State who, having taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, afterwards engaged in rebellion against our government—never should hold office unless that disability should be removed by a two-thirds vote of Congress. What did we do? Immediately we began to remove these disabilities to hold office. All rebels can vote, Jeff Davis and all of them—all like the colored people. We only provided that they could not hold office. The Republican party next removed these disabilities one after another. Excepting men in the army, navy, judiciary, and 36th and 37th Congress. Four exceptions cover the 75 men, who vote. Why not let them hold office? You say let them all. We say it is not wise. We have punished no one of these people. Jeff Davis says he will accept nothing from you. Alexander Stephens and Toombs say, "We had a right to secede." We say as long as you stand that way, we will keep you as a standing monument of the wrath of an outraged people—just as long as you stand there and say, "we won't accept amnesty," you shall not be elected to Congress, or President, or Vice President of the United States. We have been liberal and generous as no people on the globe have been. Judge Trumbull, Mr. Greeley and Kœrner each say, "I went the disabilities removed from Davis, Toombs and Stevens, to give everybody in this country a right to vote for whom he pleases. It has always been understood by Democrats and Republicans that you and I could vote for whom we pleased, but the right of election and choice was never carried to that dangerous and fearful extent. Liberal Republicans of Decatur you don't know where you stand. You have planted yourselves on that platform, you will go from this ground to day saying you are in favor of it. Your platform says you are in favor of it, it pledges you to it.

I have spoken longer than I intended. My hope to-day is that this government will not last for you and me alone, that we may leave it strong, leave it beautiful, leave it all glowing with the incense of principle, leave it bright as our fathers left it for us.

TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'Clock, P. M.

☞ [Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.]

POLITICAL NEWS.

WM. CULLEN BRYANT NAMED FOR PRESIDENT.

HENRY A. WISE AGAINST GREELEY.

The Spanish Cortes Dissolved.

Return of Tom Thumb and His Party, from a Trip Around the World.

THE REGULAR SUNDAY FIGHTS.

EXCESSIVE HEAT IN NEW YORK.

MARKETS. ETC.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The excitement about the Harry Bassett and Longfellow race next Tuesday, at Long Branch, continually increases, and it is not doubted that the struggle will be witnessed by 5,000 people, many of whom will come from Baltimore, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and the South.

Bassett still is slightly the favorite in the betting, but Longfellow has an immense band of supporters. The wisest heads do not pretend to decide one way or another, and some proclaim that the result is as uncertain as the tossing of a copper. Others predict that Longfellow will lead the betting by next Thursday.

William P. Vanderbilt will sail for Europe on Wednesday next, and while in London will make another and thorough examination of the underground railways in operation there, and study the advantages and disadvantages of single and double track tunnels, with a view of giving all the improvements that can possibly be introduced on the proposed under ground road for this city.

The Tom Thumb party, consisting of General Tom Thumb and his wife, Commodore Nutt and Minnie Warren, accompanied by their manager, S. Bleeker and wife and retinue, in all thirteen persons, a pair of ponies and carriage, arrived in New York in the steamer Egypt, having been absent three years and completed a voyage around the world. They went overland to California, thence to Japan, China, Australia and the East Indies, returning via Suez Canal to Egypt, the Continent, and Great Britain. They have traveled 55,000 miles, 31,000 by sea, giving 1411 entertainments in different cities and towns in all climates of the world without losing a single day or missing a single performance through illness or accidents. The General long since made a fortune, and has just completed a fine residence at Middleborough, Mass., the birth place of his wife. The party will make another tour through the United States this fall.

During a fight among a party of drunken roughs in city hall park, yesterday P. M., James Duffy was shot in the back and seriously injured. Wm. McAffey was shot in the arm, receiving a bad flesh wound, and James Dawson, an old man who was sitting on one of the benches in the park, received a shot in the calf of the leg, inflicting a severe wound. One of the gang named Dusco was arrested. The person who fired the shots escaped.

Twenty cases of sun stroke occurred yesterday. The heat throughout the day was almost intolerable, the thermometer at 3 o'clock P. M. standing at 98 in the shade. A large number of casualties occurred in Brooklyn yesterday, the most serious of which occurred to Joseph Hopkins, a builder, who, while defending his son, a lad of 18, from an attack of two rowdies named Shindon and Duffey, was struck on the head with a stone by the former, receiving injuries of a fatal character, his skull being crushed in. His assailants were arrested and Hopkins removed to the hospital.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The *Times*, in an editorial on the fruits of Greeleyism, says Tweed and Gould would not have been saved by Hoffman had not Hoffman been backed by the Greeley faction, and the Greeley faction would have been powerless had they not combined with the Tammany members of the Legislature and with Hoffman. How do honest Republicans, who are daily invoked to take part in a reform campaign by Greeley's organ, like this association? They now know the character of our Governor; we have repeatedly exposed his complicity with the Tammany leaders so that no one can be ignorant of it, we have shown him sanctioning this plunder while he was Mayor, and allowing it to be sanctioned by his official substitutes when it was not convenient for him to do his own part in the shameful work. We have shown him aiding in the outrageous legislation of 1870 and 1871, which opened to tee ring all the avenues to the public treasure, and cloaked with legal forms their perfectly well-known schemes of robbery and corruption. We have exposed him as the associate of the Greeley Republicans in sheltering the ring thieves from the punishment which their crimes demanded. Can any honest man assist in carrying out the plans of this precious league? The parties to it are scheming for the future. The propose to elect Hoffman Governor again, to give the State Legislature to the Tammany Democracy, to reinstate the ring in this city and State, and by placing Greeley in the White House to fasten the same gag upon the national government. Is it possible that any sane citizen—Democrat or Republican—can be persuaded or driven to aid them?

The project of giving a Southern barbacue on Greeley's farm at Chappaqua in the event of the indorsement of the Cincinnati ticket at Baltimore, has been abandoned.

FROM CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Sunday was signalized by an unusual number of accidents and affrays. Charles Helzell, a stewart of the vessel W. H. Vanderbilt of Buffalo, fell through a cabin window which he was cleaning, cutting a terrible gash in his arm. He lost much blood, and when taken to the police station for treatment was so low that he is likely to die.

John Rogers quarreled with his wife and mother-in-law, and assaulted both with an axe, cutting them terribly in the head.

A drunken man, on being ejected from a saloon on Madison street, shot George Davis, the proprietor, and fled.

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 29.—The Gilmore benefit this P. M. was a complete ovation, more people attending than at any time during the festival. All the popular elements, including the Anvil Chorus, were on the programme and carried out to the letter and spirit. Gilmore's own band of fifty pieces did wonders in the Stradella overture. Three other popular pieces were demanded of them, which received their due share of applause. Peschka, Leutner and Rudersdorf sang, Arbuckle gave a cornet solo, and the foreign bands were, as usual, encored. Gilmore was presented with a floral harp. Forty members of the Southern Press Association were present, and were complimented with "Dixie" by Gilmore's band. The jubilee is likely to continue until next Saturday.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.—The *Picayune*, in a long editorial urging the nomination of William Cullen Bryant by the Baltimore convention, says:

"By all who have deplored, with Carl Schurz, Ex-Gov. Cox, David A. Wells, Horace White, John Forsyth and B. Gratz Brown himself, the great opportunity lost at Cincinnati, and who have been anxious to rectify the singular and grateful unfitness of Horace Greeley for the nomination, the designation of William Cullen Bryant in the place of Greeley on the National Reform ticket for the Presidency would be hailed with enthusiastic joy as a thing which they had sought with harrowing solicitude, and grieved to the utmost point of despair not to have found."

FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 29.—M. Remusat, French Minister of Foreign affairs, and Count Von Arnem, the German ambassador, to-day signed the treaty providing for the evacuation of French teritorry by German troops, which has been for some time in negotiation.

MADRID, July 1.—The Spanish Cortes have been dissolved in accordance with a Royal decree issued yesterday. Elections for members in the new Cortes have been ordered for the 24th of August. The new body will assemble on the 15th of September.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, announces that under no circumstance will he support Greeley, and that if the latter is nominated at Baltimore he intends to give his influence to the Grant ticket. His friends think it certain that he will take the stump for the Republican nominees.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Wheat, quiet, cash 1.21¼; August, 1.20; September, steady.
Corn, steady, cash 40⅞; August 42½; Sept. 43¼.
Pork, nothing doing.
Lard, firm, cash 8¼; July 8¼.
Oats, steady, 26¼.
Rye, nothing doing.
Barley, nothing doing.
Highwines, quiet 85.
Hogs, receipts, 9,137; market active and steady, at Saturday's prices; medium heavy hogs dull and a shade easier. Extreme range, 3.70@3.90.
Cattle, 4@5.75.
Sheep, 4.00@5.50.
NEW YORK, July 1.—Flour, dull, inactive at 6.25@6.60.
Wheat, steadier, No. 2 Chicago 1.55
Corn, quiet and tame 63@64¼.
Oats, held at 46; 44½ bid.
Rye, nominal at 85.
Whiskey, inactive 91.
Pork, quiet, $13.25.
Lard, quiet at 9¼@9½.
Gold, 15c.

DRY GOODS.

Purchasers of Dry Goods should avail themselves of the closing sale of

S. D. LUDDEN & CO

13 EAST MAIN STREET,

And obtain their goods at 65 cents on the dollar.

We have been in earnest in our advertisements of closing out sales from the first, and all will see it too, (even if incredulous before,) who come and observe our prices. Good goods going without regard to value.

(SHELLABARGER'S OLD STAND.)

June 12, 1872—d-tf.

BOOKS

—AND—

STATIONERY,

—AT—

No. 9 E. Main St.

(CRISSEY'S OLD STAND).

HISTORICAL,
BIOGRAPHICAL,
MISCELLANEOUS
AND SCHOOL

BOOKS!

Blank Books of All Kinds,

MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPERS,
And all the LATEST
PERIODICALS,

Stationery, Cutlery and Notions of all kinds, Chromos, Engravings, Etc.

Late Publications Furnished to Order.

THIS OLD AND WELL KNOWN Establishment has recently been refitted, and stocked with new and fresh goods, and the undersigned respectfully invites the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, to give him a call.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

A. RUTH.

April 10-d&wtf.

THE BEST

Musical Instruments

IN THE WORLD
FOR SALE BY

G. F. HARGIS!

HALLET, DAVIS & CO
PIANOS,

Knabe Pianos!

SMITH'S
AMERICAN ORGAN
VIOLINS,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
SHEET MUSIC, ETC.
IF YOU WANT ANYTHING IN THE

MUSIC LINE,

CALL ON

G. F. HARGIS,

(Over Litsinberger & Sutton's Book Store)

17
EAST MAIN STREET.

April 1-d&w1y.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

THE UNDERSIGNED would inform the citizens of Decatur and vicinity, that he has recently succeeded E. A. Stare & Co. in the Lumber trade, at the old yards of S. K. Swingley, where he will always have on hand

A Large and Complete Stock

Of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and everything usually kept in his line. PRICES as low as the lowest.

☞ All in need of anything embraced in the Lumber trade are invited to call and examine his stock.

YARD On Water street, north of T., W. & W. R. R., opposite the St. Clair Mills.

C. P. THATCHER.

May 9, 1872—w-1y.

NOTICE
TO PHYSICIANS

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the County Clerk's office of Macon county, until 12 o'clock, noon on Tuesday, the 25th day of June, 1872, for the medical attendance on, and medicine for, the paupers of Decatur township, and including prisoners in jail from July 1, 1872, to January 1, 1873. And also for the medical attendance on, and medicine for, the paupers on the poor farm for the same time.

Separate bids are required for Decatur township and poor farm. Each physician making proposals has the privilege of both bids. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address Special Committee on Paupers.

JOSHUA GREEN, }
M. G. CAMRON, } Com
J. SPANGLER, }

Decatur, June 13, 1872—d-3t w1t

Terra Cotta Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, House Vases, Yard Vases, Fountains, & Wire Hanging Baskets, at J. H. LEWIS & CO'S.

WANTED TO PURCHASE Four cheap Dwellings, and make monthly payments for them. J. T. KINNEY, June 17—d-1t.

BOARDING. A few boarders can be accommodated with board and lodging, at the old Ricketts House, corner of North Main and William streets.
1m24 W. N. ZIMMERMAN

WANTED Board for lady and child. Private house preferred. Address this office, or box 7—, Cairo, Ill. 3 d1t.

MRS MARTIN, No. 5 West Main street, has a few unfurnished rooms she wishes to let with board. May 1.

WANTED A girl to do the housework of a small family. German preferred. Apply at this office. 3 d-tf

WANTED A young man, or an active boy, to do general work at Norman & Young's Barber Shop and Bath Rooms. je12—d-tf.

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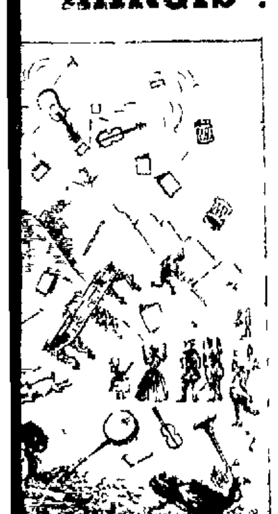

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GUITARS,
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T MUSIC, ETC.
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SIC LINE,
[illegible]
HARGIS.
17
MAIN STREET.

NOTICE
PHYSICIANS

[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

WE ARE A LITTLE THIN,

Yet Weigh 65 Lbs. to the 100!

Perfectly ablo to keep New Goods coming in every day, which we are doing. **Have just received another invoice of White Lawn, Buff Linen and Grass Cloth Suits, for ladies, and a** splendid line of Ladios' **Underwear, all of which** we sell as low as the material will cost. Also, an elogant line of Grass Cloth, Buff Linens, Seersuckers, Plain and Striped Grenadines, Yosemites, Maraposis and Piques, all of which are very beautiful and desirable.

Our stock of Fans and Parasols are in good shape; can give you any price you wish.

We receive new goods of some kind **EVERY DAY**, thereby keeping fresh, "clean" goods and new styles, instead of an old played out, mussed stock, not worth 25 cts. on the dollar.

N. B.—"COME AND OBSERVE" **OUR EARNESTNESS.**

HAYS & BRUCE.

ELEGANT NEW

SILVERWARE!

W. R. ABBOTT,

[illegible]

SPRING STOCK

Watches, Clocks,

AND JEWELRY.

[illegible]

Silver and Plated Ware

[illegible]

[illegible]

Gold Watches

AND CHAINS.

[illegible]

OPERA & MATINEE CHAINS

[illegible]

American Watches

[illegible]

At Factory Prices!

Seth Thomas Clocks!

[illegible]

Call and Examine.

[illegible]

No. 9 E. Main-st.

[illegible]

CHANCERY NOTICE

[illegible]

IN CHANCERY

[illegible]

[illegible] Day of July A. D., 1872.

[illegible]

BUY YOUR

FURNITURE

WM. LINTNER & Co.,

NO. 8

SOUTH SIDE NEW SQUARE

A FULL LINE

Parlor Furniture,

Consisting of Complete Suits in

HAIR CLOTH,

PLUSH, BROCATEL, etc.

THE FINEST

—EVER—

Brought to Decatur!

Chamber Suits!

In Walnut and Ash

BEDSTEADS,

[illegible]

A FULL LINE

—OF—

CARTER'S

DOUBLE LOUNGES

[illegible]

CHAIRS

[illegible]

Kitchen Furniture!

Of all kinds

EXTENSION TABLES

[illegible]

Upholstered Work

Of all Grades,

Children's Cabs

[illegible]

IN SHORT

THE MOST COMPLETE

Stock of Furniture

Ever seen in Central Illinois

Decatur April 8 187- [illegible]

HAND BASKETS, WASTE BASKETS, WORK BASKETS FRUIT BASKETS, TRAVELING BASKETS, AT J. H. LEWIS & CO.'S.

Glass Bowls, Goblets Sets, Pitchers, Cake Stands, etc., large assortment, at J. H. LEWIS & CO.'S.

The Daily Republican.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS

Monday Evening, July 1.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will be delivered to subscribers in any part of the city, at *Twenty Cents per Week*

Local Notices will be inserted at *Ten Cents* per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Rates for time advertisements will be furnished upon application at the office.

TO DAILY SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscriptions to the DAILY REPUBLICAN will be collected every Saturday, at the places where the paper is delivered, unless otherwise ordered.

IMPORTANT.

We would be much obliged if our subscribers would inform the carrier at what particular place they desire their papers to be left

Announcements.

CIRCUIT CLERK

We are authorized to announce EDMISTON MCCLELLAN as a candidate for re-election as Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

We are authorized to announce GEORGE M. WOOD as a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

SHERIFF

We are authorized to announce Captain HARVEY MAHANNAH as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

We are authorized to announce ISAAC D. JENNINGS as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

CORONER

We are authorized to announce MICHAEL Y. GUYTER as a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

CITY DEPARTMENT

New hay has been sold on the streets

It is dreadfully hot weather we are having now

Peaches have been sold in town for a couple of days

The Baptist choir sang at the Presbyterian church yesterday morning

Fire works will be in order for three or four days. See to it that no accidents occur

Ex Gov. Oglesby is to let loose the bird of freedom at Galva, Henry Co, on the fourth

Flour has come down again 50 cents per hundred This is owing to the decline in wheat

Freight trains, No. 6 going east, and No 13 going west, will not carry passengers after this date.

The receipts of the Baptist concert and festival amounted to $420 So the affair was a brilliant success all around

The Presbyterian church was well filled yesterday morning to listen to the eloquent discourse of Rev Dr Harper, of Philadelphia

Ten cars of Texas cattle came in from St Louis Saturday, and went up to Bement to feed over Sunday The shipper's name is Betz

The Toledo, Wabash & Western Railway will charge only half fare to St Louis and to Mt Pulaski, on the 4th of July — Tickets to St. Louis will be good from the 3d to the 4th, both days inclusive

What will you do on the 4th There is to be a celebration of the Irish Benevolent Society at the Fair Grounds, there will be one at Brambio's Grove The Maroa people have "doings" Mt Pulaski will have a good time and Assumption also

Old soakers look very glum to day. It is worth the study of an artist to see the look of amazement which they put on when told by a bar-keeper, "We can't sell you anything to day.' It's a conundrum too big for their solution—that little word "Why?'

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr N. W. Flasig, the principal salesmen for Adriance, Robins & Co, Importers and Jobbers in Dry Goods, at No 355 Broadway, N, Y This firm does a very heavy business, and Mr. Flasig is a very worthy representative.

The most disconsolate looking fellows in the city to day are those whose names are on the saloon keepers' black lists No more can they draw consolation from the neck of the decanter in the gilded saloon, and the Democratic another of the temperance law is execrated accordingly

There was a fearful disappearance of whiskey Saturday It was the last day before the new law went into effect, and it was anticipated that the chances for getting any more right off would be very slim, so the votaries of Bacchus thought they would have one good drunk to wind up with

The mass meeting was well attended, even counted by liberal figures They admit there were a hundred or two more than they had at their ratification meeting Thursday night They claimed a thousand people at their meeting which would make eleven or twelve hundred at the Republican meeting, which is not far behind the real number—although the thousand Thursday night was the thinnest we ever saw

The International Peace Jubilee Pianos. Boston June 18 History, perhaps, furnishes nothing equal to the awful and sublime grandeur of this musical festival It can only be spoken of in general terms, as the strongest words can only furnish the faintest possible realization of it The grand organ was the leading instrument of power But we noticed that the superb Hallett & Davis Piano was the leading instrument of the kind, of sweetness and power, as handled by such an artist as Franz Bendel, being easily heard in the midst of the grand orchestral accompaniment in every part of the vast building This was so in piano as well as fortissimo tones —*Special Dispatch to the Chicago Daily News*

G P Hargis is sole agent for Central Illinois Music Hall, No 17, East Main street,—entrance through Litsinberger & Sutton's Book store

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LETTER FROM MINNESOTA

BRAINERD, CROW-WING Co
MINN, June 26, 1872

Brainerd is about as far north as you can get without running into Lake Superior It is on the north Pacific railroad which starts from Duluth, on Superior, and is 175 miles north of St Paul, on the Mississippi river, and in my opinion there are some of the most romantic spots about here on the face of the earth, especially the Dells, on the St Louis river But my poor pencil is not adequate to the task of describing them to you, even if I had the time to do so This place is but 12 months old. The business houses are all one story shanties, built of undressed boards and slabs. There are about 35 saloons and restaurants, and it is enough to make a hog sick to look at one of them. There are, however, some very fine private buildings going up. The railroad company have fine buildings, machine shops, etc., but the grandest of all is the Headquarters Hotel, where I am at present It is mammoth in size, and built with a view to comfort It is the most perfectly arranged house for keeping stores, (of which there are a large stock always on hand) that I have I have ever been in—in fact, the House is all I could desire, and for a new frontier town as orderly a place as Decatur, with the exception of two or three concert, beer-jerking holes. This county is one dense forest of pines—all sand, nothing but pine will grow here. But there are bottoms on the Mississippi where they raise vegetables, etc, outside of this we have to import everything else from St Paul or Duluth It is beautiful here in the evening (and by the by, there is three quarters of an hour more twilight here than at Decatur—it is not dark until 9 p m) to look down the long openings, where the trees have been cut out for streets There is the finest fishing here in the world, I do believe Two of Mr Lytle's boys went out yesterday after dinner, and came home before dark, with as many fish as they could carry—all pike They said they had left a large quantity at the river They had the fish on a long pole, one end on each shoulder. I did not believe them until Tom Shoafl and I went down to the river and there was about 75 pounds in the canoe I tell you I almost went crazy over the sight, there were pike weighing from three to fifteen pounds They tell me no lake has two kinds of fish If you want bass, you go to a certain lake, and can get a fish the instant your hook is in the water. I have laid out one day early next week to make their acquaintance, slightly People here don't fish much, as they are caught so easy, and they get disgusted with bringing them home * * * * * * *

A H VARNEY

No License.—To day not a saloon in Decatur has license to sell liquor Several have filed their bonds, and it was expected that a special meeting of the Council would be held Saturday night to act upon them But the meeting was not held, and consequently all the saloons are without license for one day The most amusing incident in connection with the liquor law, is the saloon of Chas Weitel under our office, who has decorated his doorway with garlands. One wreath has in it a glass of beer with a bottle on either side, each having a piece of crape upon it, as a sign of mourning So the saloons are only selling—those which are open—lemonade, soda water, pop and cigars — Two or three, who think they are entitled to sell, because of their willingness, to comply with the laws, are still selling

Rev. Dr. Harper, of Philadelphia, preached to a very large congregation at the Presbyterian Church, yesterday morning The reverend gentleman announced as his subject, "The angel at midnight," and read his text from Exodus, the 12th chapter and 29th verse. The sermon was a masterly effort, abounding in the most beautiful descriptions and yet never losing sight of the practical application of the lesson As a pulpit orator, Dr Harper stands deservedly high and we are only sorry that our people could not all have heard him

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Run Away.—A horse belonging to A W Hardy's livery ran away this noon The horse started from Hardy's house and steered for the stable When it got to East Main street, a great many people threw up hats and arms and shouted, and then it commenced breaking the buggy, releasing itself, and soon after stopped

W. E. Wilson has constantly on hand a large and varied stock of Books, Stationery and all other goods in his line Don't fail to see his goods before purchasing. [June 11

☞ Intending to devote my time exclusively to Photographing I will sell my stock of FINE ART GOODS AT COST, *and will rent one half of my store-room to a good party—gentleman or lady—to continue the business*

June 27 1tw A MILT LAPHAM

Wanted A few gentlemen or man and wife can be accommodated with board and rooms at Mrs Luttrell's, corner of William and Jackson Streets [Jun27tf

CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES — We have it from the most authority that after the double barrelled convention at Springfield, last week had cooked up its mongrel ticket Col Speed Butler one of the defeated candidates for the Supreme Court Clerkship offered to bet that Orlesby would carry the State by 30,000 majority How a little castigation in the shape of defeat serves to open the eyes of the 'Liberals!'

THE COLORED MEN FOR GRANT AND WILSON.

Call for a Meeting to Organize a Campaign Club.

We the undersigned, colored citizens of Decatur and vicinity, believing it to be our paramount duty to assist in the maintenance of true Republican principles and good government, being indebted to them as we are for the great blessings we to-day enjoy—of liberty the pursuit of happiness and equality under the law—and viewing their maintenance and perpetuity as our only safe-guard for the future—we earnestly invite the attendance and co-operation of our colored fellow-citizens at a meeting to be held at the Good Templars' Hall, Tuesday, July 2d, at 8 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organizing a Grant and Wilson Campaign Club, that we may join our organized strength with the hosts of freedom now marshaling for the contest, and share with them the glories of a magnificent victory next November!

Dalton Steward,	Nelson Hagaman,
Daniel York,	John Bird
Isaac Rogan,	William Bledsaw
Leonard Magee,	George Wilson
James H Hollinger,	George Price
J M White,	James Brannell
Chas Bell,	Peter White,
Henry Ukel,	Henry Bristow
C Simpson,	Benj Bristow,
George Dennis,	Wm Johnson,
Jacob Page	Frank Whiting,
Theodore Jacobs,	Richard White,
Amos Chapman,	Chas Phillips,
C S Jacobs,	Argby Smith,
Stanton Fields,	George Howard
Riley Scott,	Wm McConnell,
Isaiah Morrison,	James Ulsey
John C Brant	George W Robison,
Jackson Moody,	James Lucas
Giles Tuggle,	Joseph Claypool,
Largin Khurd	Alfred Ralston,
Richard Blue	Fletcher Young
Jefferson Ripley,	Isam Brown
George Rankin,	Wesley Howard
Benjamin Bell	Benj Howard
Andrew Killion,	Wm Love,
Richard Steward,	Peter Moore
James Moore,	

DECATUR MARKET REPORT

DECATUR July 1, 1872.

The markets are quiet to day

Wheat is falling quite rapidly Corn is freely offered in the streets No change is noted, however, in the quotations

Flour has declined 50c per hundred on all grades

New hay is freely offered to day without many takers.

WHEAT—Red, per bushel	[illegible]
" White "	[illegible]
FLOUR—white wheat ℔ hundred	[illegible]
" red "	[illegible]
" superfine "	[illegible]
" middlings	[illegible]
CORN MEAL—℔ bushel	70
RYE—℔ bushel	[illegible]
CORN—℔ bushel	[illegible]
" shelled, per bush	[illegible]
HAY—Timothy, ℔ ton,	[illegible]
OATS—℔ bushel,	[illegible]
TIMOTHY SEED—℔ bushel	[illegible]
CLOVER SEED—	[illegible]
BEANS—℔ bushel	[illegible]
BUTTER—℔ ℔	[illegible]
EGGS—per doz,	[illegible]
LARD—℔ ℔	[illegible]
BACON—Sides,	[illegible]
HAMS—sugar-cured,	[illegible]
SHOULDERS—per ℔	[illegible]
HOGS—Live, per hundred,	[illegible]
CATTLE— "	[illegible]
SHEEP— " per hun, unshorn	[illegible]
" shorn	[illegible]
POTATOES—Old, per bu,	[illegible]
" New	[illegible]
PEACHES—Dried, per ℔	[illegible]
APPLES—	[illegible]
WOOL—Unwashed merino & fine	[illegible]
" coarse & long	[illegible]
" combing	[illegible]
" Fleece-washed, merino & fine	[illegible]
" coarse & long	[illegible]
" combing	[illegible]
" tubwashed	[illegible]
" and picked	[illegible]
HIDES Green ℔ ℔	[illegible]
" Salted Cured,	[illegible]
" Calf,	[illegible]
" Dry salt	[illegible]
" Dry Flint	[illegible]
SHEEP PELTS—Green,	[illegible]
Bull, grubby, scarred or otherwise damaged, two-thirds price, branded, 10 per cent off	[illegible]
FEATHERS—Prime, ℔ ℔	[illegible]
" Common, ℔ ℔	[illegible]
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	[illegible]
TALLOW	[illegible]
RAGS Mixed	[illegible]

Republican County Convention

HEADQUARTERS MACON COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COM.
DECATUR, June 11 1872

The Republican voters of Macon county are requested to elect delegates to a Republican County convention, to be held at Smith's Opera House in Decatur, on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1872 at the hour of 10 a m, for the following purposes

1st To re-organize the County Central Committee

2nd To elect delegates to the Republican Senatorial and Representative Conventions

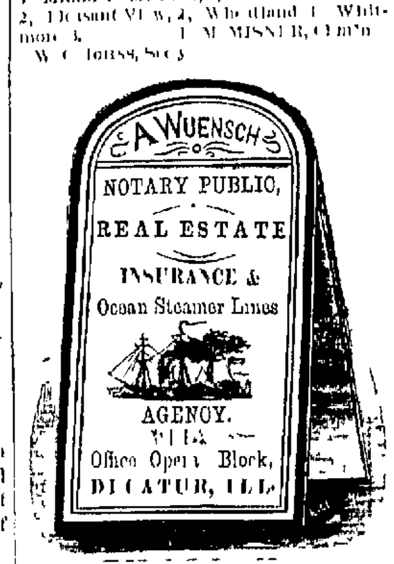
3rd To nominate candidates to be voted for at the November election, to fill the following offices, to-wit Circuit Clerk, Sheriff, County Prosecuting Attorney Coroner, and

4th, For the transaction of such other business as may necessarily come before the Convention

The basis of representation will be the vote cast for President in 1868, and each township of the county and ward of Decatur will be allowed one delegate for each fifty Republican votes cast, and one delegate for each fraction of over twenty five votes. Under this rule the following shows the number of delegates to which each township of the county and ward of Decatur will be entitled

Austin, 1, Blue Mound, 1 Decatur 1st ward 8, 2d ward 5, 3d ward 5 4th ward 4, Friends Creek 3, Harristown, 1 Hickory, 2 Illini, 2 Long Creek, 2, Macon 1, Maroa, 4 Milam 1 Mt Zion, 2, Niantic 2 Oakley 2, Pleasant View, 2, Wheatland 1 Whitmore 3. J M MISNER, Ch'm

W C JOHNS, Sec'y



Kennedy's Hemlock Ointment And Plaster.

The proprietor has succeeded in utilizing the oil [illegible] contained in the oil [illegible] and resin of the Hemlock tree and obtained a valuable preparation to be applied as a salve or Plaster for Rheumatism Croup, Pain, or Soreness of the Back Chest or Stomach Piles Salt Rheum Scurvy Sores Ulcers Bunions Sore Corns Frost Bites Chilblains Sore Breasts and Nipples Ringworms Chafing, and Skin Diseases of an Inflammatory Nature FULLER & FULLER Wholesale Druggists Agents Chicago Ill

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SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPPLIES!

—AT—

City Book Store!

S. S. Library Books, Secretary's **Minute Books, Librarian's Records, Class Books, Question Books, &c., ALL AT PUBLISHERS' RICES**

The Latest Singing Books on Hand,

Pure Gold, Silver Songs, Charm, Crown, and all other popular Books,

At Publishers' Prices!

A Full Line of S. S. Reward Cards !

From the cheapest to the finest and best, the largest variety ever shown in the city

We have a full stock of Books, Stationery, **Blank Books,** Albums, Bibles, Hymn Books, Pocket-Books, **Pocket Cutlery,** Scissors, Razors, &c Also, a Splendid lot of **Brackets and Wall** Pockets, the finest and cheapest ever brought to the city.

☞ Our Motto—"We will not be Undersold!"

LITSINBERGER & SUTTON,

SUCCESSORS TO D. ESPY & CO,

17 EAST MAIN STREET.

Decatur June 11, 1872 d&w tf

DRY GOODS.

$90,000 Worth of Dry Goods!

On hand; the largest Retail Stock ever Offered to the people of Central Illinois, Embracing the most varied assortment And the most choice styles Of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics. We do not offer goods cheap For 30 days only, But as long as we continue in business. We can afford to sell Woolen Goods At last year's prices; Dress Goods below last year's prices; Bleached and Brown Cottons AT NEW YORK QUOTATIONS; Table Linen, Napkins, Towelings, Quilts, Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, and Every other description of Goods at MARVELOUSLY LOW PRICES

AT

The Only One Price Store in Decatur

OF

LINN & SCRUGGS

April 5 tf

BLANK BOOKS,

In great variety, including all sizes and qualities of Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Order Books, Books for Bills Payable and Receivable, Memorandums, Note, Receipt and Draft Books, at

W. E. WILSON'S.

may 9 d&w tf

Appleton's New American Cyclopedia. 16 Vols; Chambers' Encyclopedia, 10 Vols, McClintock and Strong Cyclopedia, 4 Vols, Scott's, Lang's, Clark's Nast's and Barnes' Commentaries, and many other Standard Works,

AT W. E. WILSON'S.

May 21-d&wtf

Picture Neatly Framed insAny Style to Suit, on Short Notice, at

W. E. WILSON'S.

Ap [illegible] tf

Stereoscopic Instruments and Views just received from E. & T. H. Anthony, N. Y., by W. E. WILSON.

May 15 d&wtf

W. A. MAFFIT W. W. FOSTER

Maffit & Foster,

DEALERS IN

PURE MILK AND ICE.

CUSTOMERS SUPPLIED [illegible] [illegible] RICH CREAM!

Furnished on Short Notice

ORDERS LEFT [illegible] will receive prompt attention

Cultivator Hoes, for Gardens, AT LIDDLE'S.

Hanging Flower Baskets AT LIDDLE'S.

Terra Cotta Vases and Fountains AT LIDDLE'S

Flower Pots and Garden Sprinklers AT LIDDLE'S.

Croquet Sets Variety AT LIDDLE'S

Bird Cages—American and French— AT LIDDLE'S.

Wire Dish Covers AT LIDDLE'S

Refrigerators and Ice Chests AT LIDDLE'S.

Water Coolers, with Faucet, AT LIDDLE'S.

Ice Cream Freezers & Dishes AT LIDDLE'S.

Pocket Knives, Table Knives, AT LIDDLE'S.

Glass top Fruit Jars AT LIDDLE'S

Brass Hoop Cedar Pails AT LIDDLE'S.

Tea Trays—A Great Variety— AT LIDDLE'S.

Pudding Rollers and Forms AT LIDDLE'S.

Gem Baking Pans AT LIDDLE'S.

French Tinware AT LIDDLE'S.

Decatur Tinware AT LIDDLE'S

Best Cooking Stoves AT LIDDLE'S.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices, AT LIDDLE'S

May 7, 1872—d-tf

HARL P. CHRISTIE,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER

General Insurance

—AND—

Real Estate Agent,

Represent the following

Reliable Insurance Companies:

CONTINENTAL FIRE, New York.
AGRICULTURAL, " "
AMAZON FIRE, Cincinnati,
GLOBE " Chicago,
ORIENT, " Hartford,
STATE " Missouri.
GIRARD " Philadelphia
PENN MUTUAL LIFE, of Philadelphia.
TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT, of Hartford

OFFICE—City Council Building,

DECATUR, ILL.

Decatur, May 2, 187— 1 tf

FOUND—That Wessels' is selling Ladies' Lasting and Kid Slippers at 50 cents per pair.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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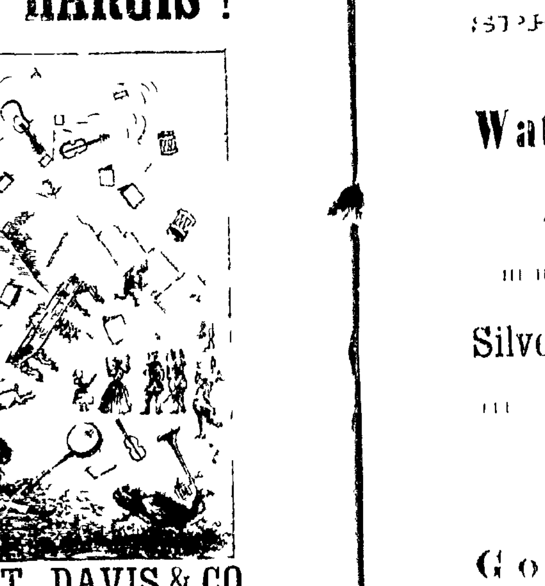
HARGIS!



ET, DAVIS & CO
PIANOS,
be Pianos!
SMITH'S
ICAN ORGAN
NS,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
T MUSIC, ETC.
SIC LINE,
HARGIS,
17
MAIN STREET.

NOTICE
PHYSICIANS

[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

WE ARE A LITTLE THIN,
Yet Weigh 65 Lbs. to the 100!

Perfectly able to keep New Goods coming in every day, which we are doing. **Have just** received another invoice of **White Lawn, Buff** Linen and Grass Cloth Suits, for ladies, and a splendid line of Ladies' **Underwear, all of which** we sell as low as **the material will cost. Also,** an elegant line of **Grass Cloth, Buff Linens,** Seersuckers, Plain and Striped Grenadines, Yosemites, Maraposis and Piques, all of which are very beautiful and desirable.

Our stock of Fans and Parasols are in good shape; can give you any price you wish.

We receive new goods of some kind **EVERY DAY**, thereby keeping fresh, "clean" goods and new styles, instead of an old played out, mussed stock, not worth 25 cts. on the dollar.

N B.—"COME AND OBSERVE" OUR EARNESTNESS.

HAYS & BRUCE.

ELEGANT NEW
SILVERWARE!
AT
W. R. ABBOTT,
[illegible]
SPRING STOCK
Watches, Clocks,
AND JEWELRY.
[illegible]
Silver and Plated Ware
[illegible]
HIS STOCK OF
Gold Watches
AND CHAINS.
[illegible]
OPERA & MATINEE CHAINS
[illegible]
American Watches
[illegible]
At Factory Prices!
Seth Thomas Clocks!
[illegible]
Call and Examine.
[illegible]
No. 9 E. Main-st.

BUY YOUR
FURNITURE
OF
WM. LINTNER & Co.,
NO. 8
SOUTH SIDE NEW SQUARE
A FULL LINE
Parlor Furniture,
Consisting of Complete Suits in
HAIR CLOTH,
PLUSH, BROCATELL, etc.
THE FINEST
—EVER—
Brought to Decatur!
Chamber Suits!
In Walnut and Ash
BEDSTEADS,
[illegible]
A FULL LINE
CARTER'S
DOUBLE LOUNGES
[illegible]
CHAIRS
[illegible]
Kitchen Furniture!
Of all kinds
EXTENSION TABLES
[illegible]
Upholstered Work
Of all kinds
Children's Cabs
[illegible]
IN SHORT
THE MOST COMPLETE
Stock of Furniture
Ever seen in Central Illinois
Decatur April 18 [illegible]

CHANCERY NOTICE

[illegible]

IN CHANCERY

[illegible]

[illegible] Day of July A D, 187[illegible]

[illegible]

HAND BASKETS, WASTE BASKETS, WORK BASKETS FRUIT BASKETS, TRAVELING BASKETS, AT
J. H. LEWIS & CO.'S.

Glass Bowls, Goblets Sets, Pitchers, Cake Stands, etc., large assortment, at
J. H. LEWIS & CO.'S.

The Daily Republican.

DECATUR ILLINOIS

Monday Evening, July 1.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will be delivered to subscribers in any part of the city, at *Twenty Cents per Week*

Local Notices will be inserted at *Ten Cents* per line for the first insertion and fifty cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Rates for other advertisements will be furnished upon application at the office

TO DAILY SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscriptions to the DAILY REPUBLICAN will be collected every Saturday, at the places where the paper is delivered, unless otherwise ordered.

IMPORTANT.

We would be much obliged if our subscribers would inform the carrier at what particular place they desire their papers to be left

Announcements.

CIRCUIT CLERK

We are authorized to announce EDMISTON MCCLELLAN as a candidate for re-election as Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

We are authorized to announce GEORGE M WOOD as a candidate for Circuit Clerk subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

SHERIFF

We are authorized to announce Captain HARVEY MAHANNAH as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

We are authorized to announce ISAAC D JENNINGS as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

CORONER

We are authorized to announce MICHAEL Y GIVLER as a candidate for Coroner subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

CITY DEPARTMENT

New hay has been sold on the streets

It is dreadfully hot weather we are having now

Peaches have been sold in town for a couple of days

The Baptist choir sang at the Presbyterian church yesterday morning

The works will be in order for three or four days. See to it that no accidents occur

Ex Gov Oglesby is to let loose the bird of freedom at Galva, Henry Co, on the fourth

Flour has come down again 50 cents per hundred This is owing to the decline in wheat

Freight trains, No 6 going east, and No 13 going west, will not carry passengers after this date

The receipts of the Baptist concert and festival amounted to $420 So the affair was a brilliant success all around

The Presbyterian church was well filled yesterday morning to listen to the eloquent discourse of Rev Dr Harper, of Philadelphia

Ten cars of Texas cattle came in from St Louis Saturday, and went up to Bement to feed over Sunday The shipper's name is Betz

The Toledo, Wabash & Western Railway will charge only half fare to St Louis and to Mt Pulaski, on the 4th of July—Tickets to St Louis will be good from the 3d to the 4th, both days inclusive

What will you do on the 4th There is to be a celebration of the Irish Benevolent Society at the Fair Grounds, there will be one at Bramble's Grove The Maroa people have "doings" Mt Pulaski will have a good time and Assumption also

Old soakers look very glum to day It is worth the study of an artist to see the look of amazement which they put on when told by a bar-keeper, "We can't sell you anything to day." It's a conundrum too big for their solution—that little word "Why?"

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr N W Flasig, the principal salesmen for Adriance, Robins & Co, Importers and Jobbers in Dry Goods at No 855 Broadway, N, Y This firm does a very heavy business, and Mr Flasig is a very worthy representative

The most disconsolate looking fellows in the city to day are those whose names are on the saloon keepers black lists No more can they draw consolation from the neck of the decanter in the gilded saloon, and the Democratic another of the temperance law is execrated accordingly

There was a fearful disappearance of whiskey Saturday It was the last day before the new law went into effect, and it was anticipated that the chances for getting any more right off would be very slim, so the votaries of Bacchus thought they would have one good drunk to wind up with

The mass meeting was well attended, even counted by liberal figures They admit there were a hundred or two more than they had at their ratification meeting Thursday night They claimed a thousand people at their meeting which would make eleven or twelve hundred at the Republican meeting, which is not far behind the real number—although the thousand Thursday night was the thinnest we ever saw

The International Peace Jubilee Pianos. Boston Jun 18 History, perhaps furnishes nothing equal to the awful and sublime grandeur of this musical festival It can only be spoken of in general terms as the strongest words can only furnish the faintest possible realization of it The grand organ was the leading instrument of power But we noticed that the superb Hallet & Davis Piano was the leading instrument of the kind, of sweetness and power as handled by such an artist as Franz Bendel, being easily heard in the midst of the grand orchestral accompaniment in every part of the vast building This was so in piano as well as fortissimo tones—*Special Dispatch to the Chicago Daily News*

G P Hargis is sole agent for Central Illinois Music Hall, No 17, East Main street—entrance through Litsinberger & Sutton's Book store

LETTER FROM MINNESOTA

BRAINERD, CROW WING Co }
MINN, June 26, 1872 }

Brainerd is about as far north as you can get without running into Lake Superior It is on the north Pacific railroad which starts from Duluth on Superior, and is 175 miles north of St Paul on the Mississippi river, and in my opinion there are some of the most romantic spots about here on the face of the earth, especially the Dells, on the St Louis river But my poor pencil is not adequate to the task of describing them to you, even if I had the time to do so This place is but 12 months old, The business houses are all one story shanties, built of undressed boards and slabs There are about 35 saloons and restaurants, and it is enough to make a hog sick to look at one of them There are, however, some very fine private buildings going up The railroad company have fine buildings, machine shops, etc., but the grandest of all is the Headquarters Hotel where I am at present It is mammoth in size, and built with a view to comfort It is the most perfectly arranged house for keeping stores, (of which there are a large stock always on hand) that I have I have ever been in—in fact, the House is all I could desire, and for a new frontier town as orderly a place as Decatur, with the exception of two or three concert, beer-jerking holes. This county is one dense forest of pines—all sand, nothing but pine will grow here But there are bottoms on the Mississippi where they raise vegetables, etc outside of this we have to import everything else from St Paul or Duluth It is beautiful here in the evening (and by the by, there is three quarters of an hour more twilight here than at Decatur—it is not dark until 9 P M) to look down the long openings, where the trees have been cut out for streets There is the finest fishing here in the world, I do believe Two of Mr Lytle's boys went out yesterday after dinner, and came home before dark, with as many fish as they could carry—all pike They said they had left a large quantity at the river They had the fish on a long pole, one end on each shoulder I did not believe them until Tom Shoaff and I went down to the river and there was about 75 pounds in the canoe I tell you I almost went crazy over the sight, there were pike weighing from three to fifteen pounds They tell me no lake has two kinds of fish If you want bass, you go to a certain lake, and can get a fish the instant your hook is in the water. I have laid out one day early next week to make their acquaintance, slightly People here don't fish much, as they are caught so easy, and they get disgusted with bringing them home * * * * * *

A H VARNEY

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As Intending to devote my time exclusively to Photographing I will sell my stock of Fine Art Goods at Cost, and will rent one half of my store-room to a good party—gentleman or lady—to continue the business

June [illegible] A MISS LAPHAM

Wanted A few gentlemen or man and wife can be accommodated with board and rooms at Mrs Luttrell's corner of William and Jackson Streets [Jun 7tf

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THE COLORED MEN FOR GRANT AND WILSON.

Call for a Meeting to Organize a Campaign Club.

We the undersigned colored citizens of Decatur and vicinity, believing it to be our paramount duty to assist in the maintenance of true Republican principles and good government, being indebted to them as we are for the great blessings we to day enjoy—of liberty in pursuit of happiness and equality under the law—and viewing their maintenance and perpetuity as our only safe-guard for the future—we earnestly invite the attendance and co-operation of our colored fellow citizens at a meeting to be held at the Good Templars' Hall, Tuesday, July 2d, at 8 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organizing a Grant and Wilson Campaign Club, that we may join our organized strength with the hosts of freedom now marshaling for the contest, and share with them the glories of a magnificent victory next November!

Dalton Steward,	Nelson Hartman,
Daniel York,	John Bird
Isaac Rogan,	William Bledsaw
Leonard Magee,	George Winson
James H Hollinger,	George Price
J M White,	James Brunnell
Chas Bell,	Peter White
Henry [illegible],	Henry Bristow
C Simpson	Benj Bristow,
George Dennis	Wm Johnson
Jacob Page	Frank Whitling,
Theodore Jacobs,	Richard White,
Amos Chapman,	Chas Phillips,
C S Jacobs,	Victy Smith,
Stanton Fields	George Howard
Riley Scott	Wm Mc[illegible]
Isaiah Morrison	James [illegible]
John C Burns	George W R[illegible]
Jackson Moody,	James [illegible]
Giles Tuggle,	Joseph Claypool,
L [illegible]	Alfred Johnston,
[illegible]	Fletcher Young
Jefferson Ripley	Isaac Brown
George Rankin	Wesley Howard
Henderson [illegible]	Benj Howard
Andrew Killion,	Wm Love,
Richard Steward,	Peter Mayne
James Moor	

DECATUR MARKET REPORT

DECATUR July 1, 1872

The markets are quiet to day

Wheat is falling quite rapidly Corn is freely offered in the streets No change is noted, however, in the quotations

Flour has declined 50c per hundred on all grades

New hay is freely offered to day without many takers

WHEAT—Red per bushel [illegible]
White [illegible]
FLOUR—white wheat ℔ hundred [illegible]
red [illegible]
superfine [illegible]
middlings [illegible]
CORN MEAL ℔ bushel [illegible]
RYE ℔ bushel [illegible]
CORN—℔ bushel [illegible]
Shelled per bush [illegible]
HAY—Timothy, ℔ ton, [illegible]
OATS—℔ bushel [illegible]
TIMOTHY SEED—℔ bushel [illegible]
CLOVER SEED— [illegible]
BEANS—℔ bushel [illegible]
BUTTER—℔ lb [illegible]
EGGS—per doz, [illegible]
LARD—℔ lb [illegible]
BACON—Sides, [illegible]
HAMS—sugar-cured, [illegible]
SHOULDERS—per lb [illegible]
HOGS—Live, per hundred, [illegible]
CATTLE— [illegible]
SHEEP— per hun, unshorn [illegible]
shorn [illegible]
POTATOES—Old, per bu, [illegible]
New [illegible]
PEACHES—Dried, per lb [illegible]
APPLES— [illegible]
WOOL—Unwashed merino & fine [illegible]
coarse & long [illegible]
combing [illegible]
Fleece washed, merino & fine [illegible]
coarse & long [illegible]
combing [illegible]
Tubwashed [illegible]
and picked [illegible]
HIDES Green [illegible]
Salted cured [illegible]
Calf, [illegible]
Dry salt [illegible]
Dry Flint [illegible]
SHEEP PELTS—Green, [illegible]
[illegible] grubby scratched or otherwise damaged two thirds price [illegible]
FEATHERS—Prime ℔ lb [illegible]
Common ℔ lb [illegible]
BEESWAX ℔ lb [illegible]
TALLOW [illegible]
RAGS MIXED [illegible]

Republican County Convention

HEADQUARTERS MACON COUNTY }
REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COM }
DECATUR June 1[illegible] 1872 }

The Republican voters of Macon county are requested to elect delegates to a Republican County convention, to be held at Smith's Opera House in Decatur on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1872 at the hour of 10 a m for the following purposes

1st To re-organize the County Central Committee

2nd To elect delegates to the Republican Senatorial and Representative Conventions

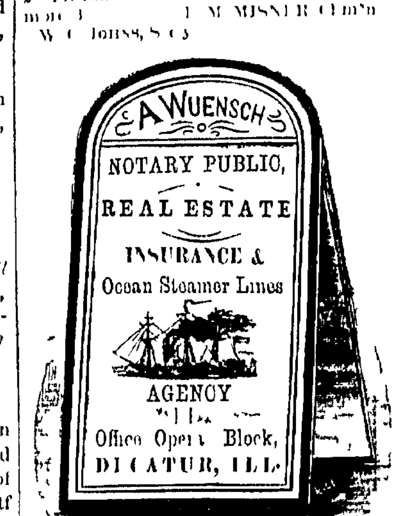
3rd To nominate candidates to be voted for at the November election to fill the following offices, to wit Circuit Clerk, Sheriff County Prosecuting Attorney Coroner, and

4th, For the transaction of such other business as may necessarily come before the convention

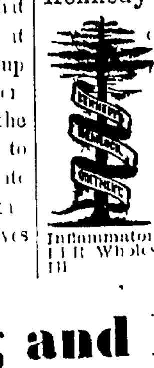
The basis of representation will be the vote cast for President in 1868 and each township of the county and ward of Decatur will be allowed one delegate for each fifty Republican votes cast, and one delegate for each fraction of over twenty five votes Under this rule the following shows the number of delegates to which each township of the county and ward of Decatur will be entitled

Austin, 1 Blue Mound 1 Decatur 1st ward 4 2d ward 5 3d ward 5 4th ward 4 Friends Creek 3, Harristown 1 Hickory 2 Illini 2 Long Creek 2 Macon 1 Maroa 4 Milam 1 Mt Zion 2 Niantic 2 Oakley 2 Pleasant View 2 Wheatland 1 Whitmore 1 [illegible] M MISNER Ch'm

W C JOHNS, Sec



Kennedy's Hemlock Ointment
And Plaster.



The proprietor has succeeded in utilizing the [illegible] properties contained in the Oil [illegible] and by since the [illegible] and obtained a valuable [illegible] to be applied [illegible] Salve or Plaster for Rheumatism Croup Pain, or Soreness of the Back Chest or Stomach Piles Salt Rheum Scurvy Sores Ulcers Bunions Sore Corns Frost Bites Chilblains Sore Breasts and Nipples Ringworms Chafing, and Skin Diseases of an Inflammatory nature FULLER & FULLER Wholesale Druggists Agents Chicago Ill

SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPPLIES!
—AT—
City Book Store!

S. S. Library Books, Secretary's **Minute Books,** Librarian's Records, Class **Books, Question** Books, &c., ALL AT PUBLISHERS' RICES

The Latest Singing Books on Hand,

Pure Gold, Silver Songs, Charm, Crown and all other popular Books,

At Publishers' Prices!

A Full Line of S. S. Reward Cards!

From the cheapest to the finest and best the largest variety ever shown in the city

We have a full stock of Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Albums, Bibles, Hymn Books, Pocket-Books, **Pocket Cutlery,** Scissors, Razors, &c Also, a Splendid lot of **Brackets and Wall** Pockets, the finest and cheapest ever brought to the city.

Our Motto—"We will not be Undersold!"

LITSINBERGER & SUTTON,
SUCCESSORS TO D ESPY & CO,
17 EAST MAIN STREET.
Decatur Jan 13 18 [illegible]

DRY GOODS.

$90,000 Worth of Dry Goods!

On hand; the largest Retail Stock ever Offered to the people of Central Illinois, Embracing the most varied assortment And the most choice styles Of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics. We do not offer goods cheap For 30 days only, But as long as we continue in business. We can afford to sell Woolen Goods At last year's prices; Dress Goods below last year's prices; Bleached and Brown Cottons AT NEW YORK QUOTATIONS; Table Linen, Napkins, Towelings, Quilts, Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, and Every other description of Goods at MARVELOUSLY LOW PRICES

AT

The Only One Price Store in Decatur

OF

LINN & SCRUGGS

April [illegible]

BLANK BOOKS,

In great variety, including all sizes and qualities of Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Order Books, Books for Bills Payable and Receivable, Memorandums, Note, Receipt and Draft Books, at

W. E. WILSON'S.

may [illegible]

Appleton's New American Cyclopedia. 16 Vols; Chambers' Encyclopedia, 10 Vols, McClintock and Strong Cyclopedia, 4 Vols, Scott's, Lang's, Clark's Nast's and Barnes' Commentaries, and many other Standard Works,

AT W. E. WILSON'S.

May [illegible]

Picture Neatly Framed ins Any Style to Suit, on Short Notice, at

W. E. WILSON'S.

[illegible]

Stereoscopic Instruments and Views just received from E. & T. H. Anthony, N. Y., by
W. E. WILSON.

May [illegible]

D A [illegible] W W FOSTER

Maffit & Foster,

—DEALERS IN—

PURE MILK AND ICE.

CUSTOMER SUPPLIED [illegible]

RICH CREAM!

Furnished on Short Notice

[illegible]

Cultivator Hoes, for Gardens, AT LIDDLE'S
Hanging Flower Baskets AT LIDDLE'S
Terra Cotta Vases and Fountains AT LIDDLE'S
Flower Pots and Garden Sprinklers AT LIDDLE'S.
Croquet Sets Variety AT LIDDLE'S
Bird Cages—American and French—AT LIDDLE'S.
Wire Dish Covers AT LIDDLE'S
Refrigerators and Ice Chests AT LIDDLE'S.
Water Coolers, with Faucet, AT LIDDLE'S.
Ice Cream Freezers & Dishes AT LIDDLE'S
Pocket Knives, Table Knives, AT LIDDLE'S.
Glass top Fruit Jars AT LIDDLE'S
Brass Hoop Cedar Pails AT LIDDLE'S
Tea Trays—A Great Variety—AT LIDDLE'S.
Pudding Boilers and Forms AT LIDDLE'S
Gem Baking Pans AT LIDDLE'S.
French Tinware AT LIDDLE'S.
Decatur Tinware AT LIDDLE'S
Best Cooking Stoves AT LIDDLE'S
Reliable Goods, Low Prices, AT LIDDLE'S
May 7, 1872—d-tf

HARL P. CHRISTIE,
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND CONVEYANCER
General Insurance
—AND—
Real Estate Agent,

Represent the following
Reliable Insurance Companies:

CONTINENTAL FIRE, New York.
AGRICULTURAL, [illegible]
AMAZON FIRE Cincinnati,
GLOBE Chicago
ORIENT Hartford
STATE Missouri
GIRARD Philadelphia
PENN MUTUAL LIFE of Philadelphia.
TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT, of Hartford

OFFICE—City Council Building,
DECATUR, ILL.
Decatur May 2, 187—1tf

FOUND—That Wessels' is selling Ladies' Lasting and Kid Slippers at 50 cents per pair.

The Daily Republican.

THE prevalent spirit of religious unrest has reached New Mexico. That far off territory is luxuriating in the possession of a cheery set of fanatics, the "Penitentes," who believe that the surest passport to eternal happiness is temporal suffering. Accordingly they inflict various tortures upon themselves. They have just had an anniversary meeting. The details of their doings are horrible. Hair was plucked out by handfuls, eyes were torn from their sockets, teeth were pounded to bits with hammers, hands were cut off, and bodies were stabbed and whipped into all states of insanity and unconsciousness. One of them, wiser than his colleagues, whipped himself to death off hand, preferring a speedy end to a life of agony. The reports of their practices are probably somewhat exaggerated, but they afford a record of one of the strangest incidents of religious delusion on record.

By the terms of the new French Army bill every Frenchman is bound to serve personally in the army or navy.

California boasts of having the largest orchard in the world, which contains 426 acres and over 75,000 fruit trees.

WM. H. SPENCER,

Practical Plumber.

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Hot and Cold Baths!

Introduced into Houses.

Fountains, Baths, Hydraulic Rams,

Force and Cistern Pumps,

Sheet Lead, Brackets, Chandeliers, Pendants Etc., Etc., Etc.

☞ All orders promptly attended to, and perfect satisfaction warranted.

Special attention given to repairing.

SEWING MACHINES

OF ANY KIND,

Repaired as Good as New,

ON SHORT NOTICE.

SHOP In the basement under Hubbard & Swearingen's drug store, northwest corner of East Main and Water-sts., Decatur, Ill.

June 12, 1872—d-tf.

SAMUEL TIBBETS

GENERAL

Insurance Agent,

No. 11 South side New Square.

$47,500,000 ASSETS!

International Ins. Co., New York$	1,605,112
German American Ins. Co., N. Y.	1,000,000
Liverpool, and London, and Globe, England	29,860,079
National Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.	517,203
Aetna Fire Ins. Co., Erie, Pa.	316,987
North Missouri Fire Ins. Co., Macon, Mo.	615,417
Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co, of Newark, N. J.	22,012,638

☞ Desirable risks solicited. Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid.

April 1, 1872—d-tf.

REASONS

For Purchasing a

Steinway Piano!

FIRST:

THE STEINWAY PIANOS have been awarded the

First Premium

Everywhere, by the most competent and inflexible judges the world can produce, many of whom were previously prejudiced in favor of other instruments. Their crowning triumph having been achieved at the Universal Exposition in Paris, where Steinway & Sons were awarded

The First Gold Medal!

For American Pianos, by the UNANIMOUS VERDICT of the International jury, and placed at the head of all others—the United States not being represented among the jurors.

SECOND:

All their "scales," peculiarities of construction, and various improvements, have been copied by nearly all the American piano manufacturers, and also by a large number of celebrated European makers. As an incontrovertible proof of the great superiority of the New Over-Strung Piano system introduced by Steinway & Sons, the fact may be stated that, at the Paris Exposition, out of eleven exhibitors of Pianos constructed after the Steinway System, two received Gold Medals, (the *first* and *third* prizes), and eight received silver medals, while, of over three hundred pianos exhibited on the old plan of construction, with straight strings, only three received gold medals, and twenty-two silver medals—a proportion of

TWENTY TO ONE

in favor of "Steinway's System" of Over-Stringing.

CONSULT OUR NEXT.

FISH & FOSTER

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

For Decatur and vicinity. Are also Agents for the

ST. LOUIS MF'G CO. PIANOS,

The only Piano that bears a Favorable Comparison to the Steinway in point of *tone* and *durability*.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Decatur, April 1, 1872.—d-tf.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Mary Ferguson, Dec'd, late of Macon county, Illinois, will attend before the County Court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on Monday, the 19th day of August, A. D. 1872, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the Estate of said deceased, when and where all persons holding claims against said deceased are requested to present the same for adjustment. All those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. JACOB BEAR, Administrator.

June 26 6w.

OFFICIAL.

STATE, COUNTY AND CITY DIRECTORY.

State Officers.

Governor.....John M. Palmer
Lieut Governor.....John Dougherty
Secretary of State.....Edward Rummell
Auditor of State.....C. E. Lippincott
State Treasurer.....E. N. Bates
Sup't Public Instruction....Newton Bateman

Congressmen.

Senators..Lyman Trumbull, John A. Logan
Representative at Large.....J. L. Beveridge
" 7th Dist.....Jesse H. Moore

Legislators.

State Senators, 16th Dist....Michael Donahue, John McNulta
Representatives, 44th Dist....William T. McCulloch, Wm E. Nelson

Judicial Officers.

District Judge.....A. J. Gallagher
District Attorney.....M. B. Thompson
Clerk Circuit Court.....E. McClellan

County Officers.

County Judge.....S. F. Greer
County Clerk.....H. W. Waggoner
County Treasurer.....W. M. Boyd
Sheriff.....Geo. M. Wood
Deputy.....I. D. Jennings
Superintendent of Schools.....C. F. McKim
County Surveyor.....Geo. V. Loring
Coroner.....M. Y. Givler

City Officers.

Mayor.....D. S. Shellabarger
Alderman—1st ward Joseph Mills, W. J. Myers
" 2d " ..Frank Hardy, E McNabb
" 3d " ...A. T. Hill, W H Bramble
" 4th " B B Richards, Wm. Gabler
Register.....Geo. P. Hardy
Treasurer.....M. K. Hatch
Assessor.....Fred. J. Smith
Collector.....H. H. Brown
Attorney.....J. R. Eden
Engineer.....G. V. Loring
Supervisor.....A Martin
Marshal.....Jno. Haworth
Deputy Marshal.....J. S. Hewes
Magistrates.....A. W. Hardy, Geo. Goodman
Fire Department—Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1.—D. F. Dodson, Foreman; I W Ehrman, Sec'y.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE DECATUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—Wm. L. Hammer, S. F. Greer, and H. B. Durfee; Wm. L. Hammer, President; E. A. Gastman, Superintendent and Clerk.

Decatur Township Officers.

Town Clerk.....Geo Goodman
Assessor.....Fred. J. Smith
Collector.....H. H. Brown
Commissioner of Highways...A. J. Williams
Justices of Peace, M. K. Hatch, J. W. Bear, J. E. Kinney, T B Albert, ...A. W. Baker
Constables, H Churchman, J J H Young, J W Carter, J H Maury, S Weitnel

Board of Supervisors.

Decatur.....Jacob Spangler, H Hummell
Friends Creek.....R H Park
Austin.....Daniel Patterson
Blue Mound.....David F Barber
Macon.....Norman Fallbnk
Mt. Zion.....George C Smith
Whitmore.....Joshua Green
Nhantie.....John C Gordy
Harristown.....M. G. Cannon
Hickory Point.....A. McBride
Oakley.....Read Spencer
South Wheatland.....Hiram Ward
Long Creek.....A T Davis
Hill.....J C Tucker
Maroa.....Jason Rogers
Pleasant View.....John Hatfield
Milam.....Geo A Bartlett

CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—On Prairie street between Main and Church streets. Rev. J E Moffett, pastor. Regular services at 10½ o'clock, A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school, 2 P. M.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Corner of North Water and William Streets. Rev. J. H. Noble, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M.

STAPP'S CHAPEL, (METHODIST EPISCOPAL)—Corner of Eldorado and Franklin streets.—Rev. H. O. Hoffman, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M. H. Buck, Presiding Elder.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Northeast corner of Water and William streets. Rev. S. F Holt, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH—On Water street south of Eldorado street. Rev. ——— rector. Services at 10½ A. M and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2:30 P. M.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH—Corner North Main and Cerro Gordo streets. Rev. Mr. Fields, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 9 A. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Corner of North Main and North streets; Rev. A. D. Northcutt, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 9 A. M.

GERMAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—On Eldorado street, between Church and Union streets. Rev. H. Hilmes, pastor.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH—On Prairie street west of the new square. Rev. ———, pastor. Services 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school 9½ A. M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Corner of North and Jackson streets. Services by the Rev. Mr. Walsh, every Sabbath, at 8 A. M., early mass; high mass, 10½; vespers at 3½ P. M.

CHURCH OF GOD—On corner of Water and Cerro Gordo streets, Rev. M. S. Newcomer, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school 2 P. M.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH—Corner of Wood and Edward streets. Rev. Mr. ———, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.

BENEVOLENT SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

MACON LODGE, No. 8, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, Saturday night preceeding full moon every month. W. H. Gipson, W. M.; Samuel Newell, Secretary.

IONIC LODGE, No. 312, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, Monday night preceding full moon every month. J. R. Babbitt, W. M.; Geo. S. Durfee, Secretary.

MACON CHAPTER, No. 21.—Regular meeting, Tuesday night preceding full moon every month. A. A. Murray, H. P.; Geo. S. Durfee, Secretary.

DECATUR COUNCIL, No. 19.—A. A. Murray, G. M.; J. R. Gorin, P. C. W.; Wm. L. Hammer Recorder. Regular meeting, first Monday of every month.

BEAUMANOIR COMMANDERY, No. 9.—A. A. Murray, E. C.; J. S. Hand, Recorder. Regular meeting fourth Thursday each month.

ODD-FELLOWS.

CRESCENT LODGE, No. 186.—R. B. Mohegan, N. G.; M. Alboltz, V. G.; A. W. Shark, R. S.; J. Gates, P. S.; J. W. Bear, Treas. Meet every Monday, at Odd Fellows' Hall.

DECATUR ENCAMPMENT.—H. M. Oberndorf, C. P.; B. J. Schoch, H. P.; M. Alboltz, S. W.; Robert Mohegan, J. W.; I. W. Ehrman, Scribe; J. W. Bear, Tres. Meetings, second and fourth Tuesday every month at Odd-Fellows Hall.

DECATUR LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 65—B. Schoch, N. G., Newton Edwards, V. G.; Wm Towling, R. S.; P. D. Kline, P. S.; Geo. W. Baker, Treas.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

CŒUR DE LEON LODGE, No 17.—Knights of Pythias.—W. H. Spencer, W. C.; C. M. Durfee, W. R. & C. S.; meet Wednesday evenings at their hall, cor of E. Main and Water sts.

GOOD TEMPLARS.

CENTRAL STAR LODGE.—Meets every Monday evening, in third story of Rucker's Rucker's building, cor. W. Main and old sq. Wm. Towling, L. D. and S. D.; D. L. Bunn, W. C. T.; B. H. Righter, W. S.

LADIES' LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—Merchant street, over Miss Miller's millinery store, 2nd floor. Circulating Library, open every Saturday, from 1 o'clock until 5 o'clock P. M., for exchange of books. Any person may become a life member of the Association by the payment of $25, or an annual member on the payment of $3. And any member shall be entitled to all the privileges of the Association. MRS. A. A. Powers, President; Mrs. M. K. Hatch, Vice President; Mrs. Chas. P. Thatcher, Secretary; Mrs. A. T Hill, Treasurer.

FOR SALE!

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

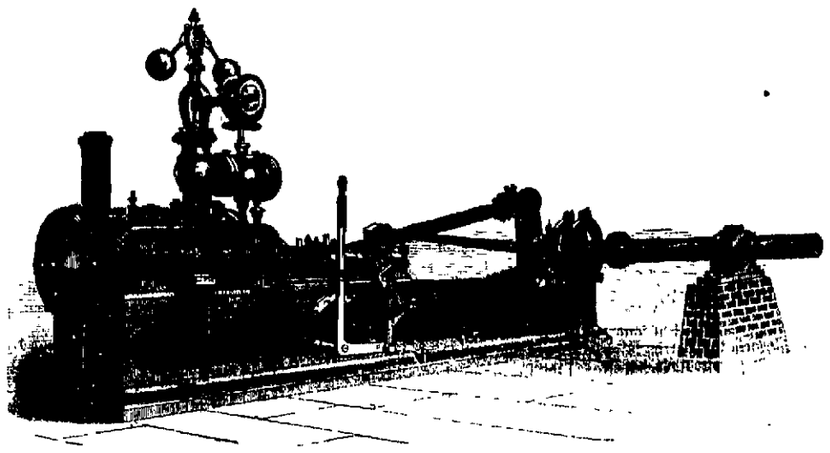
WITH ABOUT TWO ACRES DESIRABLE LAND House built of carefully selected material, is two stories and attic, with two story ell; cellar under the whole. The land is high and dry, and has on it about 70 apple and peach trees; also 20 Early Richmond cherry trees—all in full bearing. A number of pear trees, standard and dwarf ☞. Will sell at reduced price

Call at H. Pasco's Law office, over Rusher's shoe store. JOSEPH KING.

April 5—d-tf.

Central Iron Works,

DECATUR, - ILLINOIS.



BURROUGHS & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

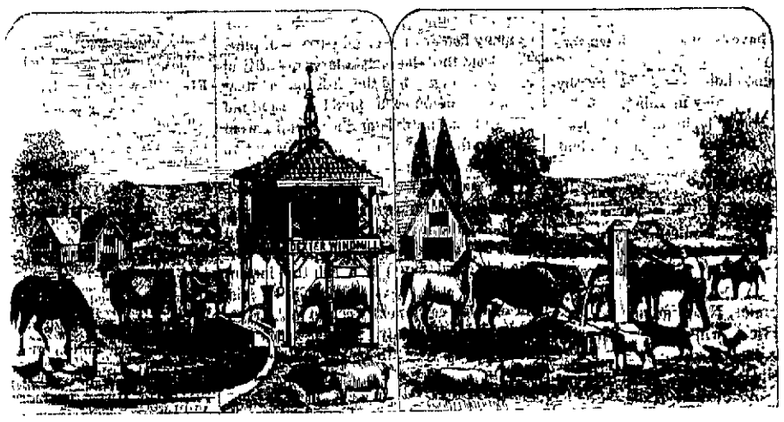
STATIONARY, PORTABLE AND THRESHING MACHINE ENGINES, BOILERS, MILL GEARING AND GENERAL MACHINERY.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL KINDS OF HOUSE, MACHINE AND AGRICULTURAL CASTINGS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR OLD IRON.

Decatur, April 11, 1872-d1y

THE DEXTER WIND MILL.



ALTHOUGH IN ITS INFANCY, this Mill stands out boldly to defy all competition. We will put up a mill of any size for any purpose, by the side of any other Wind Mill in existence, and let the purchaser try them both for thirty or sixty days, and take the one that he likes best and let the other be taken away.

Now, any one who wishes to test the relative merits of the different kinds of Wind Mills, can do so without running the risk of losing any thing, for if the purchaser should incur any expense in putting up the mill, we will refund the same before taking the mill away in case it does not prove satisfactory. The Dexter is superior to all other Wind Mills, for the following reasons: It is all under cover, not exposed to the weather; takes the wind from every quarter alike; stands on a solid foundation, and cannot blow down or be injured by storms.

CALL AND SEE US, AT PRIEST'S HOTEL,

And we will satisfy you. Parties wishing information in regard to the working of the Dexter, are requested to consult John G. Taylor, Lewis Cassner, George Cassner, J. H. Pickrell, Williams Bros., Samuel Batchelder, and who are using the Mills.

☞ STARE BROTHERS are building the Mills for us, of good material and in workmanlike manner.

SOUTHWICK & LAPHAM.

Decatur, April 21, 1872—d1w.—w1y.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY,

In the Circuit Court to the July term, A. D. 1872.

Elias Kost, Joseph S. Farnum, to use of Quinsigamond National Bank of Worcester, William H. Whiteside, to the use of the First National Bank of Wabash, Charles D. Bond, to the use of the Fort Wayne National Bank, William H. Howell and Thomas L. Barr, partners by name of Howell, Barr & Co., George S. Allison, and John M. Lentz, Peter Black and Robert H. Allstatter, partners by the name of Long, Black & Allstatter, Edwin Bayliss, Thomas Ryan, and Z. Reed Brockway,

vs.

Jacob R. Freese, Isaac Freese, David Garver, John R. Race, Albert R. Fearn, Stephen Shipman, William I. Hammer, Sullivan Burgess, C. B. Adams, Hannah Freese, Frederick Lewis, A. M. Livingston, William B. Livingston, Thomas Cooper, Ada L. Libby, J. Howard Livingston, W. C. Freese, John L. Mansfield, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, J. W. C. Gay, Samuel K. Wilson, Anastasia Gavin, Otis L. Wheelock, B. Dunham, Nicholas Saunders, F. W. Sharpe, James Buckingham, Mary P. Palmer, Lucretia Briggs, Em. J. Vaughan, and John A. Hamilton; James H. Alexander, Administrator of T. K. Alexander, deceased, and the unknown heirs of T. K. Alexander, and the unknown heirs and Administrator of Thomas Chapman and Erastus Wright.

Creditors' Bill.

AFFIDAVIT of the non-residence of John A. L. Mansfield, Albert R. Fearn, Ada L. Libby, Isaac Freese, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, J. W. C. Gay, Jacob R. Freese, Hannah Freese, Samuel K. Wilson, F. W. Sharpe, William B. Livingston, James Buckingham, and John A. Hamilton, above named defendants, having been filed in my office; and that the names of the heirs of T. K. Alexander are unknown, and that the names of the heirs and administrators of Thomas Chapman and Erastus Wright, are unknown: notice is hereby given to the said Isaac Freese, John L. Mansfield, Albert R. Fearn, Ada L. Libby, Hannah Freese, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, William B. Livingston, J. W. C. Gay, Jacob R. Freese, Samuel K. Wilson, F. W. Sharpe, James Buckingham, and John A. Hamilton, that the complainants have filed their bill of complaint in the said court, on the chancery side thereof, on the 3d day of January, A. D., 1872, and that summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1872, as by law required.

Now, unless you, the said J. W. C. Gay, shall personally be and appear before said court, on the first day of the next term thereof, at the Court-House in said county, and plead, answer or demur to said bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein contained, will be taken *pro confesso*, and a decree entered in accordance with the prayer of said bill.

E. McCLELLAN, Clerk.

EDES & ODOR,
NELSON, ROBY & PEDDECORD,
E. PARK, T. LEE, J. M. IRWIN,
Solicitors for Complainants.

Dated this 20th day of May, 1872. [d-20t

J. B. EHRHART,

SIGN WRITING,
CALSOMINING,
COLORING,
—AND—

Fresco Painting!

☞ All kinds of BLOCK LETTERS made on short notice.

SHOP:—No. 13 Water-st.—3d story

April 25, 1872—w-1y.

J. Q. AYARS,

OF MOAWEQUA, ILL.,

Has on hand and for sale at low figures a choice selection of

150 PIGS!

—of the—

Poland & China,

Or Magie Stock.

Bred with great care and purity of Blood. ☞ Send for Price List and get the *best stock in existence.*

June 8, 1871

House and Lot FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale, or in exchange for a good farm or prairie lands in Macon or adjoining counties, his house and lot, No. 116 North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. The lot is 160 by 177 feet, and is covered with apple, peach, pear, and other fruit trees, together with a fine young vineyard just in bearing. The house is a good 2 story brick, with 8 rooms, cellar, cistern and never failing well of water; also a good new barn, wood and coal house. For further particulars enquire at the office of the DECATUR REPUBLICAN. S. H. ANDERSON.

Decatur, March 14, 1872—tf.

ICE DEPOT!

Cor. W. Main and Church sts.

☞ Ice Delivered at any Place within the City Limits.

Orders from Abroad

Promptly Attended to.

1,000 Cords of Wood

FOR SALE,

delivered to any part of the city, at market prices.

Also, Five Thousand White Oak

FENCE POSTS,

Which will be Sold CHEAP.

MARTN FORSTMEYER.

Decatur, April 10, 1872-dtf.

School Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Arnold's, Carter's and Maxwell's Inks, at

W. E. WILSON'S.

Apr. 21-d&wtf.

QUEENSWARE AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES AT

J. H. LEWIS & CO.'S.

Money Cannot Buy It!

For Sight is Priceless!

BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES WILL PRESERVE IT.

The Diamond Glasses,

MANUFACTURED BY

J. E. Spencer & Co., N. Y.,

Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the **MOST PERFECT**, natural, artificial help to the human eye ever known.

They are ground under their own supervision, from minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name, "Diamond," on account of their hardness and brilliancy.

THE SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLE on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and waveing of sight, dizziness, &c., peculiar to all others in use.

They are mounted in the finest manner, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose.

THEIR FINISH AND DURABILITY

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark stamped on every frame.

Birely, Abbott & Co.

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, ARE

Sole Agents for Decatur and Vicinity,

From whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to Peddlers, at any price. Nov 17, 70 1 yr.

J. H. BIGELOW,

Architect and Superintendent,

OFFICE:—511 Wabash Avenue,

May 5-6m] Chicago.

ENVELOPES
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CHICAGO PRICES.

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☞ TRY US
☞ TRY US

April 10-d1w.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Harper's Weekly.

Splendidly Illustrated,

Notices of the Press:

The Model Newspaper of our country.—Complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper, Harper's Weekly has earned for itself a right to its title, "A Journal of Civilization."—*New York Evening Post.*

The best publication of its class in America, and so far ahead of all other weekly journals as not to permit of any comparison between it and any of their number. Its columns contain the finest collections of reading-matter that are printed. * * * Its illustrations are numerous and beautiful, being furnished by the chief artists of the country.—*Boston Traveller.*

Harper's Weekly is the best and most interesting illustrated newspaper. Nor does its value depend on its illustrations alone.—Its reading-matter is of a high order of literary merit—varied, instructive, entertaining and unexceptionable.—*N. Y. Sun.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1872.

TERMS.

Harper's Weekly, one year.....$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising *Fifteen Volumes*, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"Unquestionably the Best Sustained Work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine

Notices of the Press:

There are few intelligent American families in which Harper's Magazine would not be an appreciated and highly welcome guest. There is no monthly Magazine an intelligent reading family can less afford to be without. Many Magazines are accumulated. Harper's is edited. There is not a Magazine that is printed which shows more intelligent pains expended on its articles and mechanical execution. There is not a cheaper Magazine published. There is not, confessedly, a more popular Magazine in the world.—*New England Homestead.*

A repository of biography and history, literature, science and art, unequaled by any other American publication. * * * The volumes are as valuable as a mere work of reference as any cyclopædia we can place in our libraries. Harper's Magazine is a record of travel every where since the hour of its establishment. Livingstone and Gordon Cumming in Africa, Stram among the Andes and Ross Browne in the East, Speke on the Nile and Macgregor on the Jordan, indeed all recent travellers of note have seen their most important discoveries reproduced in these pages. Most of our younger and many of our older writers find here their living biography. Our artists see the best evidences of their genius and the most enduring specimens of their work in the Magazine.—*N. Y. Standard.*

It is one of the wonders of journalism—the editorial management of Harper's.—*The Nation, N. Y.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1872.

TERMS:

Harper's Magazine, one year.....$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00, or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set of Harper's Magazine, now comprising 43 Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

JUST OUT!

Great Improvement

IN THE

WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machine.

[TRADE]

625 BROADWAY WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO. NEW YORK

[MARK.]

Buy it because it will do better work in one-fourth less time than any other machine, and because as recently improved it is much easier learned than any other.

No Change of Tension

Necessary in sewing different thicknesses. Neither the threads nor the cloth require holding. Seams are crossed with ease and the work guided with scarce an effort.

The Wheeler & Wilson

Has no under tension to manage, every joint can be tightened as fast as it wears. Has the best and most readily adjusted attachments, runs very easy, has nearly double its former power, and is the handsomest and best constructed machine before the public

OVER 550,000

Have been Manufactured.

100,000 MORE

Wheeler & Wilson Machines

Have been sold for family use than of any other make.

Send for circular and supplies to

Arthur Farrar & Co.,

190 Lake street, Chi

AGENTS WANTED!

L. W. KINGRY

DECATUR, ILLINOIS,

Agent for Macon County.

May 11, 1871-1m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Republican.

THE prevalent spirit of religious unrest has reached New Mexico. That far off territory is luxuriating in the possession of a cheery set of fanatics, the "Penitentes," who believe that the surest passport to eternal happiness is temporal suffering. Accordingly they inflict various tortures upon themselves. They have just had an anniversary meeting. The details of their doings are horrible. Hair was plucked out by handfuls, eyes were torn from their sockets, teeth were pounded to bits with hammers, hands were cut off, and bodies were stabbed and whipped into all states of insanity and unconsciousness. One of them, wiser than his colleagues, whipped himself to death off hand, preferring a speedy end to a life of agony. The reports of their practices are probably somewhat exaggerated, but they afford a record of one of the strangest incidents of religious delusion on record.

By the terms of the new French Army bill every Frenchman is bound to serve personally in the army or navy.

California boasts of having the largest orchard in the world, which contains 426 acres and over 75,000 fruit trees.

WM. H. SPENCER,

Practical Plumber.

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Hot and Cold Baths!

Introduced into Houses.

Fountains, Baths, Hydraulic Rams,

Force and Cistern Pumps,

Sheet Lead, Brackets, Chandeliers, Pendants Etc., Etc., Etc.

All orders promptly attended to, and perfect satisfaction warranted.
Special attention given to repairing.

SEWING MACHINES

OF ANY KIND,

Repaired as Good as New,

ON SHORT NOTICE.

SHOP in the basement under Hubbard & Swearingen's drug store, northwest corner of East Main and Water-sts., Decatur, Ill.
June 12, 1872—d-tf.

SAMUEL TIBBETS

GENERAL

Insurance Agent,

No. 11 South side New Square,

$47,500,000 ASSETS!

International Ins. Co., New York	1,065,112
German American Ins. Co., N. Y.	1,000,000
Liverpool, and London, and Globe, England	20,860,070
National Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.	517,203
Alps Fire Ins. Co., Erie, Pa.	316,087
North Missouri Fire Ins. Co., Macon, Mo.	615,117
Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co, of Newark, N. J.	22,012,658

Desirable risks solicited. Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid.
April 1, 1872—d-tf.

REASONS

For Purchasing a

Steinway Piano!

FIRST:

THE STEINWAY PIANOS have been awarded the

First Premium

Everywhere, by the most competent and inflexible judges the world can produce, many of whom were previously prejudiced in favor of other instruments, their crowning triumph having been achieved at the Universal Exposition in Paris, where Steinway & Sons were awarded

The First Gold Medal!

For American Pianos, by the UNANIMOUS VERDICT of the International Jury, and placed at the head of all others—the United States not being represented among the jurors.

SECOND:

All their "scales," peculiarities of construction, and various improvements, have been copied by nearly all the American piano manufacturers, and also by a large number of celebrated European makers. As an incontrovertible proof of the great superiority of the New Over-Strung Piano System introduced by Steinway & Sons, the fact may be stated that, at the Paris Exposition, out of eleven exhibitors of Pianos constructed after the Steinway System, two received Gold Medals, (the *first* and *third* prizes), and eight received silver medals, while, of over three hundred pianos exhibited on the old plan of construction, with straight strings, only three received gold medals, and twenty-two silver medals—a proportion of

TWENTY TO ONE

In favor of "Steinway's System" of Over-Stringing.

CONSULT OUR NEXT.

FISH & FOSTER

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

For Decatur and vicinity. Are also Agents for the

ST. LOUIS MF'G CO. PIANOS,

The only Piano that bears a Favorable Comparison to the Steinway in point of *tone* and *durability.*

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Decatur, April 1, 1872.—d-tf.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Mary Ferguson, Dec'd, late of Macon county, Illinois, will attend before the County Court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on Monday, the 19th day of August, A. D. 1872 for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the Estate of said deceased, when and where all persons holding claims against said deceased are requested to present the same for adjustment. All those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. JACOB BEAR,
June 20 6w] Administrator.

OFFICIAL.

STATE, COUNTY AND CITY DIRECTORY.

State Officers.

Governor.....John M. Palmer
Lieut Governor.....John Dougherty
Secretary of State.....Edward Rummell
Auditor of State.....C. E. Lippincott
State Treasurer.....E. N. Bates
Sup't Public Instruction.....Newton Bateman

Congressmen.

Senators..Lyman Trumbull, John A. Logan
Representative at Large.....J. L. Beveridge
" 7th Dist.....Jesse H. Moore

Legislators.

State Senators, 10th Dist.....Michael Donahue, John McNulta
Representatives, 4th Dist.....William T. M[illiken], Wllm E. Nelson

Judicial Officers.

District Judge.....A. J. Gallagher
District Attorney.....M. B. Thompson
Clerk Circuit Court.....E. McClellan

County Officers.

County Judge.....S. F. Greer
County Clerk.....H. W. Waggoner
County Treasurer.....W. M. Boyd
Sheriff.....Geo. M. Wood
Deputy.....I. D. Jennings
Superintendent of Schools.....O. F. McKim
County Surveyor.....Geo. V. Loring
Coroner.....M. Y. Givler

City Officers.

Mayor.....D. S. Shellabarger
Aldermen—1st wd Joseph Mills, W. J. Myers
" 2d " ..Frank Hardy, E McNabb
" 3d " ..A. T. Hill, W H Bramble
" 4th " B B Richards, Wm. Gabler
Register.....Geo. P. Hardy
Treasurer.....M. K. Hatch
Assessor.....Fred. J. Smith
Collector.....H. H. Brown
Attorney.....J. R. Eden
Engineer.....G. V. Loring
Supervisor.....A Martin
Marshal.....Jno. Haworth
Deputy Marshal.....J. S. Howes
Magistrates.....A. W. Hardy, Geo. Goodman
Fire Department—Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1.—B. F. Dodson, Foreman; I W Ehrman, Sec'y.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE DECATUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—Wm. L. Hammer, S. F. Greer, and H. B. Durfee; Wm. L. Hammer, President; E. A. Gastman, Superintendent and Clerk.

Decatur Township Officers.

Town Clerk.....Geo Goodman
Assessor.....Fred. J. Smith
Collector.....H. H. Brown
Commissioner of Highways...A. J. Williams
Justices of Peace, M. K. Hatch, J. W. Bear, J. E. Kinney, T B Albert, G. W. Baker
Constables H Churchman, J J H Young J W Carter, J H Mauzy, S Weitsel

Board of Supervisors.

Decatur.....Jacob Spangler, H Hummell
Friends Creek.....R H Park
Austin.....Daniel Patterson
Blue Mound.....David F Barber
Macon.....Norman Failing
Mt. Zion.....George C Smith
Whitmore.....Joshua Green
Niantic.....John C Gordy
Harristown.....M. G. Camron
Hickory Point.....A. McBride
Oakley.....Read Spencer
South Wheatland.....Hiram Ward
Long Creek.....A T Davis
Illini.....J C Tucker
Maroa.....Jason Rogers
Pleasant View.....John Hatfield
Milam.....Geo A Bartlett

CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—On Prairie street between Main and Church streets. Rev. J E Moffett, pastor. Regular services at 10½ o'clock, A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school, 2 P. M.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Corner of North Water and William Streets. Rev. J. H. Noble, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M.

STAPP'S CHAPEL, (METHODIST EPISCOPAL)—Corner of Eldorado and Franklin streets.—Rev. H. O. Hoffman, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M. H. Buck, Presiding Elder.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Northeast corner of Water and William streets. Rev. S. F Holt, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH—On Water street south of Eldorado street. Rev. ——— rector. Services at 10½ A. M and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 2:30 P. M.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH—Corner North Main and Cerro Gordo streets. Rev. Mr. Fields, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 9 A. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Corner of North Main and North streets; Rev. A. D. Northcutt, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school at 9 A. M.

GERMAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—On Eldorado street, between Church and Union streets. Rev. H. Hilmes, pastor.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH—On Prairie street west of the new square, Rev. ———, pastor. Services 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school 9½ A. M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Corner of North and Jackson streets. Services by the Rev. Mr. Walsh, every Sabbath, at 8 A. M., early mass; high mass, 10½; vespers at 3½ P. M.

CHURCH OF GOD—On corner of Water and Cerro Gordo streets, Rev. M. S. Newcomer, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.; Sabbath school 2 P. M.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH—Corner of Wood and Edward streets. Rev. Mr. ———, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.

BENEVOLENT SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

MACON LODGE, No. 8, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, Saturday night proceeding full moon every month. W. H. Gipson, W. M.; Samuel Newell, Secretary.

IONIC LODGE, No. 312, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, Monday night preceding full moon every month. J. R. Babbitt, W. M.; Geo. S. Durfee, Secretary.

MACON CHAPTER, No. 21.—Regular meeting, Tuesday night preceding full moon every month. A. A. Murray, H. P.; Geo. S. Durfee, Secretary.

DECATUR COUNCIL, No. 18.—A. A. Murray, G. M.; J. R. Gorin, P. C. W.; Wm. L. Hammer Recorder. Regular meeting, first Monday of every month.

BEAUMANOIR COMMANDERY, No. 9.—A. A. Murray, E. C.; J. S. Hand, Recorder. Regular meeting fourth Thursday each month.

ODD-FELLOWS.

CELESTIAL LODGE, No. 186.—R. B. Mohegan, N. G.; M. Albeltz, V. G.; A. W. Slack, R. S.; J. Gates, P. S.; J. W. Bear, Treas. Meet every Monday; at Odd Fellows' Hall.

DECATUR ENCAMPMENT.—H. M. Oberndorfer, C. P.; B. J. Schoch, H. P.; M. Albeltz, S. W.; Robert Mohegan, J. W.; I. W. Ehrman, Scribe; J. W. Bear, Tres. Meetings, second and fourth Tuesday every month at Odd-Fellow's Hall.

DECATUR LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 65—B. Schoch, N. G., Newton Edwards, V. G.; Wm Towling, R. S.; P. D. Kline, P. S.; Geo. W. Baker, Treas.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

CŒUR DE LEON LODGE, No 17.—Knights of Pythias.—W. H. Spencer, W. C.; C. M. Durfee, W. R. & C. S.; meet Wednesday evenings at their hall, cor of E. Main and Water sts.

GOOD TEMPLARS.

CENTRAL STAR LODGE.—Meets every Monday evening, in third story of Rucker's Rucker's building, cor. W. Main and old sq. Wm. Towling, L. D. and S. D.; D. L. Bunn, W. C. T.; B. H. Righter, W. S.

LADIES' LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—Merchant street, over Miss Miller's millinery store, 2nd floor. Circulating Library, open every Saturday, from 1 o'clock until 5 o'clock P. M., for exchange of books. Any person may become a life member of the Association by the payment of $25, or an annual member on the payment of $3. And any member shall be entitled to all the privileges of the Association. Mrs. A. A. Powers, President; Mrs. M. K. Hatch, Vice President; Mrs. Chas. P. Thatcher, Secretary; Mrs. A. T. Hill, Treasurer.

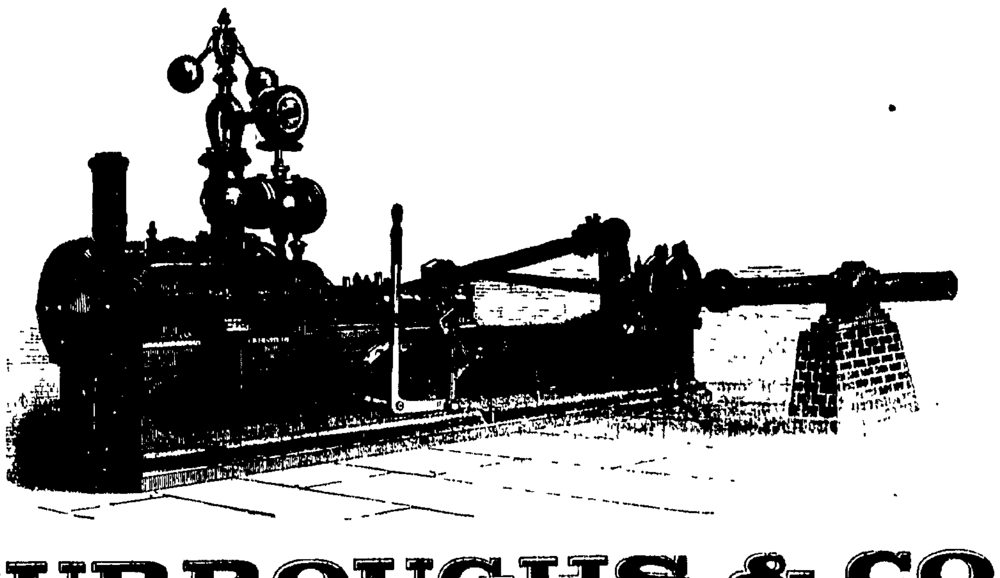
FOR SALE!

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

WITH ABOUT TWO ACRES DESIRABLE LAND. House built of carefully selected material, is two stories and attic, with two story ell; cellar under the whole. The land is high and dry, and has on it about 50 apple and peach trees; also 20 Early Richmond cherry trees—all in full bearing. A number of pear trees, standard and dwarf. Will sell at reduced price.
Call at H. Pasco's Law Office, over Busher's shoe store. JOSEPH KING.
April 5—d-tf.

Central Iron Works,

DECATUR, - ILLINOIS.



BURROUGHS & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

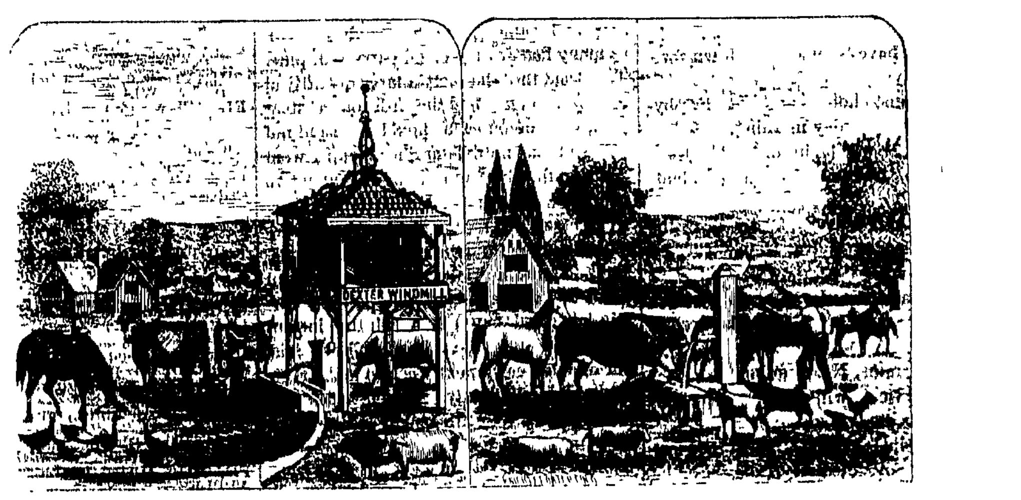
STATIONARY, PORTABLE AND THRESHING MACHINE ENGINES, BOILERS, MILL GEARING AND GENERAL MACHINERY.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL KINDS OF HOUSE, MACHINE AND AGRICULTURAL CASTINGS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR OLD IRON.

Decatur, April 11, 1872-dly

THE DEXTER WIND MILL.



ALTHOUGH IN ITS INFANCY, this Mill stands out boldly to defy all competition. We will put up a mill of any size for any purpose, by the side of any other Wind Mill in existence, and let the purchaser try them both for thirty or sixty days, and take the one that he likes best and let the other be taken away.

Now, any one who wishes to test the relative merits of the different kinds of Wind Mills, can do so without running the risk of losing anything, for if the purchaser should incur any expense in putting up the mill, we will refund the same before taking the mill away in case it does not prove satisfactory. The Dexter is superior to all other Wind Mills, for the following reasons: It is all under cover, not exposed to the weather; takes the wind from every quarter alike; stands on a solid foundation, and cannot blow down or be injured by storms.

CALL AND SEE US, AT PRIEST'S HOTEL,

And we will satisfy you. Parties wishing information in regard to the working of the Dexter, are requested to consult John G. Taylor, Lewis Cassner, George Cassner, J. H. Pickrell, Williams Bros., Samuel Batchelder, and who are using the Mills.

STARE BROTHERS are building the Mills for us, of good material and in workmanlike manner.

SOUTHWICK & LAPHAM.

Decatur, April 21, 1872—dlw.—wly.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss

In the Circuit Court to the July term, A. D. 1872.

Elias Kost, Joseph S. Farnum, to use of Quinsigamond National Bank of Worcester, William H. Whiteside, to the use of the First National Bank of Wabash, Charles D. Bond, to the use of the Fort Wayne National Bank, William H. Howell and Thomas L. Barr, partners by name of Howell, Barr & Co., George S. Allison, and John M. Long, Peter Black and Robert B. Allstatter, partners by the name of Long, Black & Allstatter, Edwin Bayliss, Thomas Ryan, and Z. Reed Brockway,

vs.

Jacob R. Freese, Isaac Freese, David Garver, John R. Race, Albert R. Fearn, Stephen Shipman, William L. Hammer, Sullivan Burgess, C. B. Adams, Hannah Freese, Frederick Lewis, A. M. Livingston, William B. Livingston, Thomas Cooper, Ada L. Libby, J. Howard Livingston, W. C. Freese, John L. Mansfield, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, J. W. C. Gay, Samuel K. Wilson, Anastasia Gavin, Otis L. Wheelock, B. Dunham, Nicholas Saunders, F. W. Sharpe, James Buckingham, Mary P. Palmer, Lucretia Briggs, Em. J. Vaughan, and John A. Hamilton; James H. Alexander, Administrator of T. K. Alexander, deceased, and the unknown heirs of T. K. Alexander, and the unknown heirs and Administrator of Thomas Chapman and Erastus Wright.

Creditors' Bill.

AFFIDAVIT of the non-residence of John L. Mansfield, Albert R. Fearn, Ada L. Libby, Isaac Freese, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, J. W. C. Gay, Jacob R. Freese, Hannah Freese, Samuel K. Wilson, F. W. Sharpe, William B. Livingston, James Buckingham, and John A. Hamilton, above named defendants, having been filed in my office; and that the names of the heirs of T. K. Alexander are unknown, and that the names of the heirs and administrators of Thomas Chapman and Erastus Wright, are unknown: notice is hereby given to the said Isaac Freese, John L. Mansfield, Albert R. Fearn, Ada L. Libby, Hannah Freese, H. C. Hazen, L. B. Hazen, W. H. Hazen, William B. Livingston, J. W. C. Gay, Jacob R. Freese, Samuel K. Wilson, F. W. Sharpe, James Buckingham, and John A. Hamilton, that the complainants have filed their bill of complaint in the said court, on the chancery side thereof, on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1872, and that summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1872, as by law required.

Now, unless you, the said J. W. C. Gay, shall personally be and appear before said court, on the first day of the next term thereof, at the Court-House in said county, and plead, answer or demur to said bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein contained, will be taken *pro confesso*, and a decree entered in accordance with the prayer of said bill.

E. McCLELLAN, Clerk.

EDEN & ODOR,
NELSON, ROBY & PEDDECORD,
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Solicitors for Complainants.
Dated this 20th day of May, 1872. [d-30d

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Apr.21-d&wtf.

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